# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABUS

# M.TECH COMPUTER NETWORKS

(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2013-14)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085.

#### ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R13 FOR M. TECH. (REGULAR) DEGREE COURSE

# Applicable for the students of M. Tech. (Regular) Course from the Academic Year 2013-14 and onwards

The M. Tech. Degree of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad shall be conferred on candidates who are admitted to the program and who fulfil all the requirements for the award of the Degree.

#### 1.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the University or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

#### 2.0 AWARD OF M. TECH. DEGREE

- 2.1 A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years. However, he is permitted to write the examinations for two more years after four academic years of course work.
- 2.2 A student, who fails to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within four academic years from the year of his admission, shall forfeit his seat in M. Tech. course.
- 2.3 The student shall register for all 88 credits and secure all the 88 credits.
- 2.4 The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

#### 3.0 A. COURSES OF STUDY

The following specializations are offered at present for the M. Tech. course of study.

- 1. Advanced Manufacturing Systems
- 2. Aerospace Engineering/Aeronautical Engineering
- 3. Automation
- 4. Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
- 5. Bio-Technology
- 6. CAD/CAM
- 7. Chemical Engineering
- 8. Communication Systems
- 9. Computer Networks
- 10. Computer Networks and Information Security
- 11. Computer Science
- 12. Computer Science and Engineering
- 13. Computers and Communication Engineering.
- 14. Construction Management
- 15. Control Engineering
- 16. Control Systems
- 17. Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology
- 18. Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
- 19. Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
- 20. Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
- 21. Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
- 22. Electrical Power Engineering
- 23. Electrical Power Systems
- 24. Electronics & Instrumentation

- 25. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 26. Embedded Systems
- 27. Embedded Systems and VLSI Design
- 28. Energy Systems
- 29. Engineering Design
- 30. Environmental Engineering
- 31. Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
- 32. Geotechnical Engineering.
- 33. Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning.
- 34. Highway Engineering
- 35. Image Processing
- 36. Industrial Engineering and Management
- 37. Information Technology
- 38. Infrastructure Engineering
- 39. Machine Design
- 40. Mechatronics.
- 41. Microwave & Radar Engineering
- 42. Nano Technology
- 43. Neural Networks
- 44. Parallel Computing
- 45. Power and Industrial Drives
- 46. Power Electronics
- 47. Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
- 48. Power Engineering and Energy Systems
- 49. Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
- 50. Power System Control and Automation
- 51. Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
- 52. Production Engineering.
- 53. Real Time Systems
- 54. Software Engineering
- 55. Structural Engineering
- 56. Systems & Signal Processing
- 57. Thermal Engineering.
- 58. Transportation Engineering
- 59. VLSI
- 60. VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology
- 61. VLSI Design
- 62. VLSI System Design
- 63. Web Technologies
- 64. Wireless and Mobile Communication

and any other course as approved by the University from time to time.

Civil Engr	Construction Management
Civil Engg.	Construction Management
	Environmental Engineering
	Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
	Geotechnical Engineering
	Highway Engineering
	Infrastructure Engineering
	Structural Engineering
	Transportation Engineering
EEE	Control Engineering
	Control Systems
	Electrical Power Engineering
	Electrical Power Systems
	Power and Industrial Drives
	Power Electronics
	Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
	Power Engineering and Energy Systems
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
	Power System Control and Automation
	Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
ME	Advanced Manufacturing Systems
	Automation
	CAD/CAM
	Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
	Energy Systems
	Engineering Design
	Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning
	Industrial Engineering and Management
	Machine Design
	Mechatronics.
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
	Production Engineering
	Thermal Engineering.
ECE	Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
	Communication Systems
	Computers and Communication Engineering.
	Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
	Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
	Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
	Electronics & Instrumentation
	Electronics and Communication Engineering
	Embedded Systems
	Embedded Systems and VLSI Design

	Microwave & Radar Engineering
	<b>v v</b>
	Systems & Signal Processing
	VLSI
	VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology
	VLSI Design
	VLSI System Design
	Wireless and Mobile Communication
CSE	Computer Networks
	Computer Networks and Information Security
	Computer Science
	Computer Science and Engineering
	Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology
	Image Processing
	Information Technology
	Neural Networks
	Parallel Computing
	Real Time Systems
	Software Engineering
	Web Technologies
Aeronautical Engg.	Aerospace Engineering / Aeronautical Engineering
Bio-technology	Bio-Technology
Chemical Engg.	Chemical Engineering
Nano Technology	Nano Technology

#### 4.0 ATTENDANCE

The programs are offered on a unit basis with each subject being considered a unit.

- 4.1 A student shall be eligible to write University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- 4.2 Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 4.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned.
- 4.4 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 4.5 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 4.6 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 4.7 A candidate shall put in a minimum required attendance at least in three (3) theory subjects in the present semester to get promoted to the next semester. In order to qualify for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, the candidate shall complete all the academic requirements of the subjects, as per the course structure.
- 4.8 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the previous semester including the days of attendance in sports, games, NCC and NSS activities.

#### 5.0 EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practicals, on the basis of Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

- 5.1 For the theory subjects 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the average of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each mid term examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with Part A as compulsory question (16 marks) which consists of four sub-questions and carries 4 marks each and Part B with 3 questions to be answered out of 5 questions each question for 8 marks. If any candidate is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the Question Paper pattern for End Examination (Theory) is given below:
- The End semesters Examination will be conducted for 60 marks which consists of two parts viz. i).Part-A for 20 marks, ii). Part –B for 40 marks.
- Part-A is compulsory question where it consists of five questions one from each unit and carries four marks each. This will be treated as Question 1.
- Part-B consists of five Questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carries 8 marks each. Each of these
  questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an
  "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should
  answer only one question)
- 5.2 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks.
- 5.3 There shall be two seminar presentations during I year I semester and II semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Departmental Academic Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.
- 5.4 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in II year I Semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students' understanding of various subjects he has studied during the M. Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.
- 5.5 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.
- 5.6 In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.5) he has to reappear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and so has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the re-registered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.
- 5.7 In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any subject, he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall re-register the subject when next

offered.

5.8 Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher and the second examiner shall be another Laboratory Teacher.

# 6.0 EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- 6.1 A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Principal as Chairperson, Heads of all the Departments offering the M. Tech. programs and two other senior faculty members.
- 6.2 Registration of Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.
- 6.3 After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work to the Departmental Academic Committee for approval. Only after obtaining the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee can the student initiate the Project work.
- 6.4 If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee. However, the Departmental Academic Committee shall examine whether or not the change of topic/supervisor leads to a major change of his initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.
- 6.5 A candidate shall submit his status report in a bound-form in two stages at least with a gap of 3 months between them.
- 6.6 The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. For the approval of PRC the candidate shall submit the draft copy of thesis to the Principal through Head of the Department and make an oral presentation before the PRC.
- 6.7 Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/ School/Institute.
- 6.8 The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the University. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.
- 6.9 If the report of the examiner is not favourable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is unfavourable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected.
- 6.10 If the report of the examiner is favourable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work as one of the following:
  - A. Excellent
  - B. Good
  - C. Satisfactory
  - D. Unsatisfactory

The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva-Voce examination.

If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory, the candidate shall retake the Viva-Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva-Voce examination, he will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

#### 7.0 AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured
First Class with Distinction	70% and above
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%

The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

#### 8.0 WITHHOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid the dues, if any, to the university or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student will be withheld and he will not be allowed into the next semester. His degree will be withheld in such cases.

#### 9.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

- 9.1 Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for admission to two earlier or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- 9.2 The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R13 academic regulations.

#### 10. GENERAL

- 10.1 Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 10.2 The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 10.3 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 10.4 The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the University.

# MALPRACTICES RULES

# DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/ year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

#### Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
  - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
  - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
  - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

# JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.TECH - COMPUTER NETWORKS COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

#### I Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Advanced Computer Networks	3	-	3
		Network Programming	3	-	3
		Distributed Computing	3	-	3
		Network Security	3	-	3
	Elective -I	Java & Web Technologies High Speed Networks TCP/IP Protocol Suite	3	-	3
	Elective -II	Embedded Systems Data Warehousing and Mining Distributed Databases	3	-	3
	Lab	Network Programming Lab	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Wireless Networks	3	-	3
		Mobile Computing	3	-	3
		Distributed Systems	3	-	3
		Ad hoc and Sensor Networks	3	-	3
	Elective -III	Storage Area Networks Information Retrieval Systems Digital Image Processing	3	-	3
	Elective -IV	Web Services Network Management & Performance Evaluation E-Commerce	3	-	3
	Lab	Web Programming Lab	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### Il Year - I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Comprehensive Viva	-	-	2
		Project Seminar	-	3	2
		Project work	-	-	18
		Total Credits	-	3	22

Il Year - Il Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Project work and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total Credits	-	-	22

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### ADVANCED COMPUTER NETWORKS

#### **Objectives:**

- The objective of this course is to build a solid foundation in computer networks concepts and design.
- To understand computer network architectures, protocols, and interfaces.
- The OSI reference model and the Internet architecture network applications.
- The course will expose students to the concepts of traditional as well as modern day computer networks wireless and mobile, multimedia-based.
- Students completing this course will understand the key concepts and practices employed in modern computer networking.

**Course description:** This course will enable the student to refresh the fundamentals of Computer Networks in Unit I. Unit II describes the architecture, components, and operation of routers, and explains the principles of Routing and Routing protocols. Especially the Routing protocols need to be understood thoroughly with the help of any freely downloadable simulator tool. Through Unit III a student can learn the technologies and protocols needed to design and implement a converged switched network. This section explains how to configure a switch for basic functionality and how to implement Virtual LANs, VTP, and Inter-VLAN routing in a converged network. Students need to develop the necessary skills to implement a WLAN in a small-to-medium network. This course in Unit IV discusses the WAN technologies and network services required by converged applications in enterprise networks. Unit V makes the student to implement networking using Java programs.

Suggested Simulator tools: NS-2/NS-3, OPNET, Packet Tracer, Boson, Wireshark.

# UNIT I: Review

**Computer Networks and the Internet:** History of Computer Networking and the Internet, Networking Devices, The Network edge, The Network core, Access Networks and Physical media, ISPs and Internet Backbones.

**Networking Models:** 5-layer TCP/IP Model, 7-Layer OSI Model, Internet Protocols and Addressing, Equal-Sized Packets Model: ATM.

# UNIT II: Network Routing

**Routing and its concepts:** Structure of a Router, Basic Router Configuration, Building a Routing Table, Static Routing, Dynamic Routing – Distance Vector Routing Protocol (RIPv1, RIPv2, EIGRP), Link State Routing Protocols (OSPF).

# UNIT III: LAN Switching

**Switching and its concepts:** Structure of a Switch, Basic Switch Configuration, Virtual LANs (VLANs), VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP), Spanning Tree Protocol (STP), Inter-VLAN Routing.

# UNIT IV: Wide Area Networks (WANs)

Introduction to WANs, Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) concepts, Frame Relay concepts, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), Network Address Translation (NAT), IPv6.

# UNIT V: Network Programming using Java

TCP sockets, UDP sockets (datagram sockets), Server programs that can handle one connection at a time and multiple connections (using multithreaded server), Remote Method Invocation (Java RMI) - Basic RMI Process, Implementation details - Client-Server Application.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet, James F. Kurose, Keith W.Ross, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2. Network Fundamentals, Mark Dye, Pearson Education.
- 3. Routing Protocols & Concepts, Rick Graziani, Pearson Education.
- 4. LAN Switching & Wireless, Wayne Lewis, Pearson Education.
- 5. Accessing the WAN, Bob Vachon, Pearson Education.
- 6. An Introduction to Network Programming with Java, Jan Graba, Springer, rp 2010.

- 1. Computer Networks: A Systems approach, Larry L. Peterson & Bruce S. Davie, Fifth edition, Elsevier, rp2012.
- 2. Computer Networks: A Top-Down Approach, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Firoz Mosharaf, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 3. Java Network Programming,3<sup>rd</sup> edition, E.R. Harold, SPD, O'Reilly.(Unit V)
- 4. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networking, S.Keshav, Pearson Education, 1997.
- 5. Computer Networks: Principles, Technologies And Protocols For Network Design, Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer, Wiley India, 2006.
- 6. Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 7. Computer and Communication Networks, Nader F. Mir, Pearson Education, 2007
- 8. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 9. Computer Networks, Bhushan Trivedi, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 10. Fundamentals of Business Data Communications, Jerry FitzGerald and Alan Dennis, Tenth Edition, Wiley, 2009.
- 11. Internetworking with TCP/IP: Principles, Protocols and Architecture, Volume 1, Douglas E. Comer, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, PHI, 2005.
- 12. Next-Generation Internet: Architectures and Protocols, Byrav Ramamurthy et al, Cambridge, 2011.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### **NETWORK PROGRAMMING**

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand to Linux utilities.
- To understand file handling, signals.
- To understand IPC, network programming in Java.
- To understand processes to communicate with each other across a Computer Network.

# UNIT – I

Linux Utilities- File handling utilities, Security by file permissions, Process utilities, Disk utilities, Networking utilities, Filters, Text processing utilities and Backup utilities.

Bourne again shell(bash) - Introduction, pipes and redirection, here documents, running a shell script, the shell as a programming language, shell meta characters, file name substitution, shell variables, command substitution, shell commands, the environment, quoting, test command, control structures, arithmetic in shell, shell script examples.

Review of C programming concepts-arrays, strings (library functions), pointers, function pointers, structures, unions, libraries in C.

#### UNIT - II

Files- File Concept, File types File System Structure, Inodes, File Attributes, file I/O in C using system calls, kernel support for files, file status information-stat family, file and record locking-lock and fcntl functions, file permissions- chmod, fchmod, file ownership-chown, Ichown, fchown, links-soft links and hard links – symlink, link, unlink.

File and Directory management – Directory contents, Scanning Directories- Directory file APIs.

Process- Process concept, Kernel support for process, process attributes, process control – process creation, replacing a process image, waiting for a process, process termination, zombie process, orphan process.

#### UNIT - III

Signals- Introduction to signals, Signal generation and handling, Kernel support for signals, Signal function, unreliable signals, reliable signals, kill, raise, alarm, pause, abort, sleep functions. Interprocess Communication - Introduction to IPC mechanisms, Pipes- creation, IPC between related processes using unnamed pipes, FIFOs-creation, IPC between unrelated processes using FIFOs(Named pipes), differences between unnamed and named pipes, popen and pclose library functions, Introduction to message queues, semaphores and shared memory.

Message Queues- Kernel support for messages, UNIX system V APIs for messages, client/server example. Semaphores-Kernel support for semaphores, UNIX system V APIs for semaphores.

#### UNIT – IV

Shared Memory- Kernel support for shared memory, UNIX system V APIs for shared memory, client/server example.

Network IPC - Introduction to Unix Sockets, IPC over a network, Client-Server model ,Address formats(Unix domain and Internet domain), Socket system calls for Connection Oriented - Communication ,Socket system calls for Connectionless - Communication, Example-Client/Server Programs- Single Server-Client connection, Multiple simultaneous clients, Socket options - setsockopt , getsockopt , fcntl.

# UNIT-V

Network Programming in Java-Network basics, TCP sockets, UDP sockets (datagram sockets), Server programs that can handle one connection at a time and multiple connections (using multithreaded server), Remote Method Invocation (Java RMI)-Basic RMI Process, Implementation details-Client-Server Application.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Unix System Programming using C++, T.Chan, PHI. (Units II, III, IV).
- 2. Unix Concepts and Applications, 4th Edition, Sumitabha Das, TMH.(Unit I).
- 3. An Introduction to Network Programming with Java, Jan Graba, Springer, rp 2010. (Unit V).
- 4. Unix Network Programming ,W.R. Stevens, PHI.(Units II,III,IV).
- 5. Java Network Programming,3<sup>rd</sup> edition, E.R. Harold, SPD, O'Reilly.(Unit V).

- 1. Linux System Programming, Robert Love, O'Reilly, SPD.
- 2. Advanced Programming in the UNIX environment, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, W.R.Stevens, Pearson Education.
- 3. UNIX for programmers and users, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Graham Glass, King Ables, Pearson Education.
- 4. Beginning Linux Programming, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, N.Matthew, R.Stones, Wrox, Wiley India Edition.
- 5. UNIX Network Programming The Sockets Networking API, Vol.-I, W.R.Stevens, Bill Fenner, A.M.Rudoff, Pearson Education.
- 6. UNIX Internals, U.Vahalia, Pearson Education.
- 7. UNIX shell Programming, S.G.Kochan and P.Wood, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson Education.
- 8. C Programming Language, Kernighan and Ritchie, PHI.

# M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

# **DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING**

Objectives:

- Foundation of cooperative distributed systems engineering.
- Supporting technologies with a special attention to agent-oriented paradigm.
- Service-oriented computing and grid computing.
- The implementation component includes a term-project.

#### UNIT I

**Introduction :** The different forms of computing, The strengths and weaknesses of Distributed computing, Operating system concepts relevant to distributed computing, the architecture of distributed applications. Paradigms for Distributed Applications, choosing a Paradigm for an application (trade-offs).

#### UNIT II

**Cluster Computing :** Parallel computing overview, cluster computing – Introduction, Cluster Architecture, parallel programming models and Paradigms, Applications of Clusters.

#### UNIT III

**Grid Computing :** Introduction, Grid Computing Anatomy – Architecture, Architecture and relationship to other Distributed Technologies, Grid computing road map. Merging the Grid services Architecture with the Web Services Architecture.

#### UNIT IV

Open Grid Service Architecture – Introduction, Architecture and Goal, Sample Use cases: Commercial Data Center, National Fusion Collaboratory, Online Media and Entertainment. OGSA platform Components, Open Grid Services Infrastructure.

#### UNIT V

Globus GT 3 Toolkit – Architecture, Programming Model, A sample implementation, High Level services, OGSI.NET Middleware Solutions.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Grid Computing, Joshy Joseph & Craig Fellenstein, Pearson education, 2004.
- 2. Distributed Computing, Principles and Applications, M.L.Liu, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 3. High Performance Cluster Computing, Rajkumar Buyya, Pearson education.

- 1. Grid Computing Making the global infrastructure a reality, Fran Berman, Geoffrey C Fox, Anthony J G Hey, Wiley India, 2010.
- 2. A Networking Approach to Grid Computing, D.Minoli, Wiley & sons, 2006.
- 3. Grid Computing: A Practical Guide to Technology and Applications, A.Abbas, Firewall Media, 2008.

# M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

# NETWORK SECURITY

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand the importance and application of each of confidentiality, Integrity, authentication and availability.
- To understand various cryptographic algorithms.
- To understand the basic categories of threats to computers and networks.
- To understand public-key cryptosystem.
- To understand Intrusions and intrusion detection.
- To understand the fundamental ideas of public-key cryptography.
- To generate and distribute a PGP key pair and use the PGP package to Send an encrypted e-mail message.
- To discuss web security and Firewalls.

# UNIT I

Security Goals, Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Mathematical Tools for Cryptography: Introduction to number theory, prime & relative numbers, modular arithmetic, Fermat's and Euler's theorems, testing for primality, Chinese remainder theorem, Discrete logarithms.

#### UNIT II

Conventional Encryption Principles & Algorithms (DES, AES, RC4), Block Cipher Modes of Operation, Location of Encryption Devices, Key Distribution, Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms (RSA, RABIN, ELGAMAL, Diffie-Hellman, ECC), Key Distribution.

#### UNIT III

Approaches of Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions (SHA-512, WHIRLPOOL) and HMAC -Digital Signatures: Comparison, Process- Need for Keys, Signing the Digest, Services, Attacks on Digital Signatures, Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service.

#### UNIT IV

Network Management, Basic concepts of SNMP, SNMPv1 Community facility and SNMPv3.

OS Security, OS Security Functions, Separation, Memory Protection, Access Control, Trusted Operating System: MAC, DAC, Trusted path, Trusted Computing Base.

#### UNIT V

Viruses and related threats, Anatomy of Virus, Virus Counter Measures - Software Flaws: Buffer Overflow, Incomplete Mediation, Race Conditions, Malware: Brain, Morris Worm, Code Red, Malware Detection -Firewalls, Design principles, Types of Firewalls, Firewall Architectures, Trusted Systems.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) by William Stallings, Pearson Education.
- 2. Information Security Principles & Practice, Mark Stamp, WILEY INDIA 2006.

- 1. Cryptography and network Security, Fourth edition, Stallings, PHI/Pearson.
- 2. Cryptography & Network Security by Behrouz A. Forouzan, TMH 2007.
- 3. Network Security: The complete reference, Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes, TMH.
- 4. Computer Security Basics by Rick Lehtinen, Deborah Russell & G.T.Gangemi Sr., SPD O'REILLY 2006.
- 5. Modern Cryptography by Wenbo Mao, Pearson Education 2007.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### JAVA & WEB TECHNOLOGIES

#### (ELECTIVE -I)

#### **Objectives:**

- To learn the basics of java Console and GUI based programming.
- To introduce XML and processing of XML Data with Java.
- To introduce Server side programming with Java Servlets and JSP.
- To introduce Client side scripting with JavaScript and AJAX.

# UNIT I

HTML Common tags- List, Tables, images, forms, Frames; Cascading Style sheets; Introduction to Java Scripts, Objects in Java Script, Dynamic HTML with Java Script, CSS.

# UNIT II

XML: Document type definition, XML Schemas, Document Object model, Presenting XML, Using XML Processors: DOM and SAX.

Review of Applets, Class, Event Handling, AWT Programming.

Introduction to Swing: Applet, Handling Swing Controls like Icons – Labels – Buttons – Text Boxes – Combo – Boxes – Tabbed Pains – Scroll Pains – Trees – Tables Differences between AWT Controls & Swing Controls Developing a Home page using Applet & Swing.

#### UNIT III

Java Beans: Introduction to Java Beans, Advantages of Java Beans, BDK Introspection, Using Bound properties, Bean Info Interface, Constrained properties Persistence, Customizes, Java Beans API.

Web servers: Tomcat Server installation & Testing.

Introduction to Servelets: Lifecycle of a Servelet, JSDK the Servelet API, The javax.servelet Package, Reading Servelet parameters, Reading Initialization parameters.

# UNIT IV

More on Servlets: The javax.servelet HTTP package, Handling Http Request & Responses, Using Cookies-Session Tracking, Security Issues.

Introduction to JSP: The Problem with Servelet. The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing. JSP Application Design with MVC architecture. AJAX.

#### UNIT V

JSP Application Development: Generating Dynamic Content, Using Scripting Elements Implicit JSP Objects, Conditional Processing – Displaying Values Using an Expression to Set an Attribute, Declaring Variables and Methods Error Handling and Debugging Sharing Data Between JSP pages, Requests, and Users Passing Control and Date between Pages – Sharing Session and Application Data – Memory Usage Considerations, Database Access Database Programming using JDBC Studying Javax.sql.\* package Accessing a Database from a JSP Page Application – Specific Database Actions Deploying JAVA Beans in a JSP Page.

# TEXT BOOKS:

Web Programming, building internet applications, Chris Bates 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, WILEY Dreamtech (UNIT 1, 2).

- The complete Reference Java 2 Fifth Edition, Patrick Naughton and Herbert Schildt., TMH (Chapters: 25) (UNIT 2, 3).
- 3. Java Server Pages Hans Bergsten, SPD O'Reilly (UNITs 3, 4, 5).

- 1. Programming world wide web-Segesta, Pearson.
- 2. Core Servlets and Java Server Pages Volume 1: Core Technologies, Marty Hall and Larry Brown Pearson.
- 3. Internet and World Wide Web How to program, Dietel and Nieto PHI/Pearson.
- 4. Jakarta Struts Cookbook, Bill Siggelkow, S P D O'Reilly for chap 8.
- 5. Murach's beginning JAVA JDK 5, Murach, SPD.
- 6. An Introduction to web Design and Programming Wang-Thomson.
- 7. Professional Java Server Programming, S.Allamaraju and others Apress (dreamtech).
- 8. Java Server Programming , Ivan Bayross and others, The X Team, SPD.
- 9. Web Warrior Guide to Web Programmming-Bai/Ekedaw-Thomas.
- 10. Beginning Web Programming-Jon Duckett WROX.
- 11. Java Server Pages, Pekowsky, Pearson.
- 12. Java Script, D.Flanagan, O'Reilly, SPD.

#### M. Tech – I Year – I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### **HIGH SPEED NETWORKS**

#### (ELECTIVE -I)

#### **Objectives:**

- To introduce the high speed networks that have spurred the development of new applications.
- To identify the design issues related to the Internet protocol (IP), entire TCP/IP protocol suite and network technologies dominating the high-speed scene.

#### UNIT I

**Switching and Data Transmission :** ISO-OSI reference model. TCP/IP reference model, Circuit-switched networks, Datagram networks, Virtual-circuit networks, Structure of a switch, Telephone network, Dial-up modems, Digital Subscriber line, Cable TV networks.

**Data Link Layer :Error Detection and Correction:** Introduction, Block coding, Linear Block codes, Cyclic codes, Checksum - **Data Link Control:** Framing, Flow and Error control, Protocols, Noiseless channels, Noisy channels, HDLC, Point-to-Point Protocol.

#### UNIT II

**Multiple Access:** Random Access, Controlled Access, Channelization – **Connecting Devices:** Connecting LANs, Backbone Networks, Virtual LANs.

**High Speed Networks : Frame Relay**: Packet-Switching Networks, Frame Relay Networks – **Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)**: ATM Protocol Architecture, ATM Logical Connections, ATM Cells, ATM Service Categories, ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL)- **High-Speed LANs** : The Emergence of High-Speed LANs, Ethernet, Fiber Channel, Wireless LANs.

#### UNIT III

**Network Layer : Logical Addressing:** IPv4 Addresses, IPv6 Addresses, - **Internet Protocol:** Internetworking, IPv4, IPv6, Transition from IPv4 to IPv6 - **Network Delivery - Routing:** Forwarding, Unicast Routing Protocols, Multicast Routing Protocols.

**Transport Layer and Application Layer : Protocols:** Process-to-Process delivery, User Datagram Protocol (UDP), TCP, SCTP -**Congestion control:** Data traffic, Congestion, Congestion control, Quality of Service. **UNIT IV** 

**Domain Name System:** Name space, Domain Name Space, Distribution of Name Space, DNS in the internet, Resolution, DNS messages, E-mail.

**Needs and Goals for Network Design : Analyzing Business Goals and Constraints: Using** a Top-Down Network Design Constraints, Analyzing Business Goals, Analyzing Business constraints – **Analyzing Technical Goals & Tradeoffs:** Scalability, Availability, Network Performance, Security, Manageability, Usability, Adaptability, Affordability, Making Network Design Tradeoffs – **Characterizing Network Traffic:** Characterizing Traffic Flow, Traffic Load, Traffic Behavior, Quality of Service Requirements.

#### UNIT V

**Logical Network Design : Designing Network Design:** Hierarchical Network Design, Redundant Network Design Topologies, Modular Network Design, Designing a Campus.

**Designing Models for Addressing and Naming:** Guidelines for Assigning Network Layer Addresses, Using a Hierarchical Model for Assigning Addresses, Designing a Model for Naming.

#### **Selecting Switching and Routing Protocols**

Selecting Bridging & Switching Protocols, Spanning Tree Protocol Enhancements - **Selecting Routing Protocols:** Characterizing Routing protocols, IP Routing, Novell NetWare Routing, Using Multiple Routing Protocols in an Internet work.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. High Speed Networks and Internets Performance and Quality of Service, William Stallings, Second Edition, Pearson Education.
- 3. Top-Down Network Design, Priscilla Oppenheimer, Second Edition, Pearson Education (CISCO Press) **REFERENCE BOOKS:**
- 1. Guide to Networking Essentials, Greg Tomsho, Ed Tittel, David Johnson, Fifth Edition, Thomson.
- 2. Computer Networks, Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Fourth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networking, S.Keshav, Pearson Education.
- 4. Campus Network Design Fundamentals, Diane Teare, Catherine Paquet, Pearson Education (CISCO Press).
- 5. Computer Communications Networks, Mir, Pearson Education.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

# **TCP/IP PROTOCOL SUITE**

#### (ELECTIVE -I)

#### **Objectives:**

- To Describe how the TCP/IP protocol suite works.
- To Describe the functions of static and dynamic IP addresses.
- To Explain the major functions of networks with the OSI seven-layer model.
- To Describe the major functions of networks with the TCP/IP model.

# UNIT - I

Introduction to TCP/IP, The OSI Model and TCP/IP Protocol Suites, Underlying Technologies; IP Addressing, Sub netting and Super netting, CIDR, Delivery and Routing of IP Packets.

# UNIT - II

Internet Protocol (IP), ARP and RARP, Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP).

# UNIT - III

User Datagram Protocol (UDP), Transmission Control Protocol (TCP); Routing Protocols (RIP, OSPF, HELLO and BGP).

#### UNIT - IV

Application Layer and Client-Server Model, BOOTP and DHCP; Domain Name System (DNS), Telnet and Rlogin.

# UNIT - V

File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Trivial File Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP).

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. "Internetworking with TCP/IP, Principles, Protocols and Architectures", Vol. I, Douglas E.Comer, Fourth Edition, PHI.
- 2. "TCP/IP Protocol Suite", Forouzan BA, TMH (2000).

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. TCP/IP Unleashed, Pearson Education.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

# EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

# (ELECTIVE -II)

#### **Objectives:**

- Design embedded computer system hardware.
- Design, implement, and debug multi-threaded application software that operates under real-time constraints on embedded computer systems.
- Use and describe the implementation of a real-time operating system on an embedded computer system.
- Formulate an embedded computer system design problem incljuding multiple constraints, create a design that satisfies the constraints, \*implement the design in hardware and software, and measure performance against the design constraints.
- Create computer software and hardware implementations that operate according to well-known standards.
- Organize and write design documents and project reports.
- Organize and make technical presentations that describe a design.

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to Embedded Systems:** Embedded Systems, Processor Embedded into a System, Embedded Hardware Units and Devices in a System, Embedded Software, Complex System Design, Design Process in Embedded System, Formalization of System Design, Classification of Embedded Systems.

#### UNIT II

**8051 and Advanced Processor Architecture :** 8051 Architecture, 8051 Micro controller Hardware, Input/ Output Ports and Circuits, External Memory, Counter and Timers, Serial data Input/Output, Interrupts, Introduction to Advanced Architectures, Real World Interfacing, Processor and Memory organization **Devices and Communication Buses for Devices Network:** Serial and parallel Devices & ports, Wireless Devices, Timer and Counting Devices, Watchdog Timer, Real Time Clock, Networked Embedded Systems, Internet Enabled Systems, Wireless and Mobile System protocols.

#### UNIT III

**Embedded Programming Concepts:** Software programming in Assembly language and High Level Language, Data types, Structures, Modifiers, Loops and Pointers, Macros and Functions, object oriented Programming, Embedded Programming in C++ & JAVA.

#### UNIT IV

**Real – Time Operating Systems :** OS Services, Process and Memory Management, Real – Time Operating Systems, Basic Design Using an RTOS, Task Scheduling Models, Interrupt Latency, Response of Task as Performance Metrics **RTOS Programming :** Basic functions and Types of RTOSES, RTOS Vx Works, Windows CE.

#### UNIT V

**Embedded Software Development Process and Tools:** Introduction to Embedded Software Development Process and Tools, Host and Target Machines, Linking and Locating Software, Getting Embedded Software into the Target System, Issues in Hardware-Software Design and Co-Design.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Embedded Systems, Raj Kamal, Second Edition TMH.

- 1. Embedded/Real-Time Systems, Dr.K.V.K.K.Prasad, dreamTech press.
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Pearson.
- 3. Embedded Systems, Shibu K V, Mc Graw Hill.
- 4. An Embedded Software Primer, David E. Simon, Pearson Education.
- 5. Micro Controllers, Ajay V Deshmukhi, TMH.
- 6. Microcontrollers, Raj Kamal, Pearson Education.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### DATA WAREHOUSING AND MINING

#### (ELECTIVE -II)

#### **Objectives:**

- Understand data mining principles and techniques: Introduce DM as a cutting edge business intelligence method and acquaint the students with the DM techniques for building competitive advantage through proactive analysis, predictive modeling, and identifying new trends and behaviors.
- Building basic terminology.
- Learn how to gather and analyze large sets of data to gain useful business understanding.
- Learn how to produce a quantitative analysis report/memo with the necessary information to make decisions.
- Describing and demonstrating basic data mining algorithms, methods, and tools.
- Identifying business applications of data mining.
- Develop and apply critical thinking, problem-solving, and decision-making skills.

#### UNIT I

**Introduction:** Fundamentals of data mining, Data Mining Functionalities, Classification of Data Mining systems, Data Mining Task Primitives, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Database or a Data Warehouse System, Issues in Data Mining.

**Data Preprocessing:** Need for Preprocessing the Data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction, Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

#### UNIT II

**Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology for Data Mining:** Data Warehouse, Multidimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Usage of Data Warehousing Online Analytical Processing and Mining.

**Data Cube Computation**: Efficient Methods for simple Data Cube Computation (Full Cube, Iceberg Cube, Closed Cube and Shell Cube), Discovery Driven exploration of data cubes, Attribute-Oriented Induction for data characterization and its implementation.

#### UNIT III

**Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations:** Basic Concepts, The Apriori algorithm for finding frequent itemsets using candidate generation, Generating association rules from frequent itemsets, Mining frequent itemsets without candidate generation, Mining various kinds of Association Rules, Correlation Analysis.

#### UNIT IV

**Classification and Prediction:** Description and comparison of classification and prediction, preparing data for Classification and Prediction, Classification by Decision Tree Induction, Bayesian Classification, Rule-Based Classification, Classification by Back propagation Prediction, linear and non-linear regression, evaluating accuracy of a Classifier or a Predictor.

#### UNIT V

**Cluster Analysis:** Types of Data in Cluster Analysis, A Categorization of Major Clustering Methods, kmeans and k-mediods methods, CLARANS, Agglomerative and divisive hierarchical clustering, chameleon dynamic modeling, clustering based on density distribution function, wavelet transformation based clustering, conceptual Clustering, Constraint-Based Cluster Analysis, Outlier Analysis.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, ELSEVIER.
- 2. Introduction to Data Mining Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach and Vipin Kumar, Pearson education.

- 1. Data Warehousing in the Real World Sam Aanhory & Dennis Murray Pearson Edn Asia.
- 2. Insight into Data Mining, K.P.Soman, S.Diwakar, V.Ajay, PHI, 2008.
- 3. Data Warehousing Fundamentals Paulraj Ponnaiah Wiley student Edition
- 4. The Data Warehouse Life cycle Tool kit Ralph Kimball Wiley student edition.
- 5. Building the Data Warehouse by William H Inmon, John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2005.
- 6. Data Mining Introductory and advanced topics Margaret H Dunham, Pearson education.
- 7. Data Mining Techniques Arun K Pujari, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Universities Press.
- 8. Data Mining, V.Pudi and P.Radha Krishna, Oxford University Press.
- 9. Data Mining: Methods and Techniques, A.B.M Shawkat Ali and S.A.Wasimi, Cengage Learning.
- 10. Data Warehouse 2.0, The Architecture for the next generation of Data Warehousing, W.H.Inmon, D.Strauss, G.Neushloss, Elsevier, Distributed by SPD.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### DISTRIBUTED DATABASES

#### (ELECTIVE -II)

#### **Objectives:**

- To implement the Distributed databases management system concepts.
- To enforcing Integrity Constraints to keep the database consistent.
- Normalizing the tables to eliminate redundancies.
- Querying relational data.
- Optimizing and processing the queries.
- Storage Strategies for easy retrieval of data through index.

# UNIT I

Features of Distributed versus Centralized Databases, Principles of Distributed Databases, Levels Of Distribution Transparency, Reference Architecture for Distributed Databases, Types of Data Fragmentation, Integrity Constraints in Distributed Databases, Distributed Database Design.

#### UNIT II

Translation of Global Queries to Fragment Queries, Equivalence transformations for Queries, Transforming Global Queries into Fragment Queries, Distributed Grouping and Aggregate Function Evaluation, Parametric Queries.

Optimization of Access Strategies, a Framework for Query Optimization, Join Queries, General Queries.

#### UNIT III

The Management of Distributed Transactions, A Framework for Transaction Management, Supporting Atomicity of Distributed Transactions, Concurrency Control for Distributed Transactions, Architectural Aspects of Distributed Transactions.

Concurrency Control, Foundation of Distributed Concurrency Control, Distributed Deadlocks, and Concurrency Control based on Timestamps, Optimistic Methods for Distributed Concurrency Control.

#### **UNIT IV**

Reliability, Basic Concepts, Non blocking Commitment Protocols, Reliability and concurrency Control, Determining a Consistent View of the Network, Detection and Resolution of Inconsistency, Checkpoints and Cold Restart, Distributed Database Administration, Catalog Management in Distributed Databases, Authorization and Protection.

#### UNIT V

Architectural Issues, Alternative Client/Server Architectures, Cache Consistency, Object Management, Object Identifier Management, Pointer Swizzling, Object Migration, Distributed Object Storage, Object Query Processing, Object Query Processor Architectures, Query Processing Issues, Query Execution, Transaction Management, Transaction Management in Object DBMSs, Transactions as Objects.

Database Integration, Scheme Translation, Scheme Integration, Query Processing Query Processing Layers in Distributed Multi-DBMSs, Query Optimization Issues Transaction Management Transaction and Computation Model, Multidatabase Concurrency Control, Multidatabase Recovery, Object Orientation and Interoperability, Object Management Architecture CORBA and Database interoperability, Distributed Component Object Model, COM/OLE and Database Interoperability, PUSH-Based Technologies.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Distributed Databases Principles & Systems, Stefano Ceri, Giuseppe Pelagatti, TMH.
- 2. Principles of Distributed Database Systems, M. Tamer Ozsu, Patrick Valduriez, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition.

- 1. Distributed database systems by Chhanda Ray from Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. Principles of Distributed database systems by Tamer and Ozsu from Pearson, 2006.

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### NETWORK PROGRAMMING LAB

#### **Objectives:**

- To gain hands-on experiences in installing and administering computer systems and networks, in particular, the UNIX version.
- To implement networking and Internet protocols via programming and TCP/IP protocol architecture; user datagram protocol.
- To implement shell script that accepts a list of files.

# LIST OF SAMPLE PROBLEMS/EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Write a shell script that accepts a file name, starting and ending line numbers as arguments and displays all the lines between the given line numbers.
- 2. Write a shell script that deletes all lines containing a specified word in one or more files supplied as arguments to it.
- 3. Write a shell script that displays a list of all the files in the current directory to which the user has read, write and execute permissions.
- 4. Write a shell script that receives any number of file names as arguments checks if every argument supplied is a file or a directory and reports accordingly. Whenever the argument is a file, the number of lines on it is also reported.
- 5. Write a shell script that accepts a list of file names as its arguments, counts and reports the occurrence of each word that is present in the first argument file on other argument files.
- 6. Write a shell script that accepts any number of arguments and prints them in the reverse order.
- 7. Write a shell script that determines the period for which a specified user is working on the system.
- 8. Write a shell script to list all of the directory files in a directory.
- 9. Write an interactive file-handling shell program- Let it offer the user the choice of copying, removing or linking files. Once the user has made a choice, have the program ask him for the necessary information such as the file name, new name and so on.
- 10. Write a shell script to find factorial of a given integer.
- 11. Write a shell script to find the G.C.D. of two integers.
- 12. Write a shell script to generate a multiplication table.
- 13. Write a shell script that copies multiple files to a directory.
- 14. Write a shell script that counts the number of lines and words present in a given file. \*15. Write a shell script that displays the list of all files in the given directory.
- 15. Write a shell script (small calculator) that adds, subtracts, multiplies and divides the given two integers. There are two division options: one returns the quotient and the other returns reminder. The script requires 3 arguments: The operation to be used and two integer numbers. The options are add (-a), subtract (-s), multiply (-m), quotient (-c) and reminder (-r).
- 16. Write a shell script to reverse the rows and columns of a matrix.
- 17. Write a sed command that deletes the first character in each line in a file.
- 18. Write sed command that deletes the character before the last character in each line a file.
- 19. Write a sed command that swaps the first and second words in each line of a file.

- 20. Write an awk script that reads a file of which each line has 5 fields ID, NAME, MARKS1, MARKS2, MARKS3 and finds out the average for each student. Print out the average marks with appropriate messages.
- 21. Write an awk script to find the factorial of a user supplied number.
- 22. Is –I command produces long listing of files.
- 23. Write an awk script 1) to print the selected fields (Ex: size and name of the files) from the file listing. 2) to print the size of all files and number of files.
- 24. Write an awk script to count the number of lines in a file that do not contain vowels.
- 25. Write an awk script to find the number of characters, words and lines in a file.
- 26. Write a c program that makes a copy of a file using
  - a. Standard I/O b. System calls.
- 27. Write a C program that counts the number of blanks in a text file
  - a. Using standard I/O b. Using system calls
- 28. Implement in C the following UNIX commands using system calls
  - a. cat b. ls c. mv
- 29. Write a program that takes one or more file/directory names as command line input and reports the following information on the file.
  - a. File type.
  - b. Number of links.
  - c. Time of last access.
  - d. Read, Write and Execute permissions.
- 30. Write a c program to emulate the UNIX Is –I command.
- 31. Write a c program that creates a directory, puts a file into it, and then removes it.
- 32. Write a c program that searches for a file in a directory and reports whether the file is present in the directory or not.
- 33. Write a c program to list for every file in a directory, its inode number and file name.
- 34. Write a c program that creates a file containing hole which is occupying some space but having nothing.
- Write a c program that demonstrates redirection of standard output to a file.
   Ex: ls > f1.
- 36. Write a c program to create a child process and allow the parent to display "parent" and the child to display "child" on the screen.
- 37. Write a c program to create a Zombie process.
- 38. Write a c program that illustrates how an orphan is created.
- 39. Write a c program that creates a child process to execute a command. The command to be executed is passed on the command line.
- 40. Write a c program that accepts two small numbers as arguments and then sums the two numbers in a child process. The sum should be returned by child to the parent as its exit status and the parent should print the sum.
- 41. Write a c program that illustrates how to execute two commands concurrently with a command pipe.

Ex:- Is -I | sort

- 42. Write c programs that illustrate communication between two unrelated processes using named pipe.
- 43. Write a c program in which a parent writes a message to a pipe and the child reads the message.
- 44. Write a c program that illustrates suspending and resuming processes using signals.
- 45. Write a c program that displays the real time of a day every 60 seconds, 10 times.
- 46. Write a c program that runs a command that is input by the user and prints the exit status if the command completes in 5 seconds. If it doesn't, then the parent uses kill to send a SIGTERM signal to kill the child process.
- 47. Write a C program that illustrates file-locking using semaphores.
- 48. Write a C program that implements a producer-consumer system with two processes. (Using semaphores).
- 49. Write client and server programs (using C) for
- a. Interaction between server and client processes using Unix Domain Sockets.
- b. Interaction between server and client processes using Internet Domain Sockets.
- 50. Write a C program (sender.c).
- a. To create a message queue with read and write permissions.
- b. To write 3 messages to it with different priority numbers.
- 51. Write a C program (receiver.c) that receives the messages (from the above message queue as specified in 63.a) and displays them.
- 52. Write C program that illustrates two processes communicating via shared memory.
- 53. Design TCP iterative Client and server application to reverse the given input sentence.
- 54. Design TCP iterative Client and server application to reverse the given input sentence.
- 55. Design TCP client and server application to transfer file.
- 56. Design a TCP concurrent server to convert a given text into upper case using multiplexing system call "select".
- 57. Design a TCP concurrent server to echo given set of sentences using poll functions.
- 58. Design UDP Client and server application to reverse the given input sentence.
- 59. Design UDP Client server to transfer a file.
- 60. Design using poll client server application to multiplex TCP and UDP requests for converting a given text into upper case.
- 61. Design a RPC application to add and subtract a given pair of integers.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Advance Unix Programming Richard Stevens, Second Edition Pearson Education.
- 2. Advance UNIX Programming, N.B. Venkateswarlu, BS Publication.
- 3. UNIX and Shell programming, B.A.Forouzan and R.F.Gilberg, Thomson.
- 4. UNIX and Shell Programming, M.G. Venkatesh Murthy, Pearson Education.
- 5. UNIX Shells by Example, 4th Edition, Elllie Quigley, Pearson Education.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### WIRELESS NETWORKS

#### **Objectives:**

- To identify the principal components of telecommunications networks and key networking technologies.
- To implement how the Internet and Internet technology works.
- To identify the principal technologies and standards for wireless networking, communication, and Internet access.
- To describe troubleshooting techniques for wireless networks.

# UNIT I

**Overview of Wireless Networks:** Introduction, Different generations of wireless networks. Characteristics of the Wireless Medium: Introduction, radio propagation mechanisms, path-loss modeling and signal coverage, effects of multi path and Doppler, channel measurement and modeling techniques.

#### UNIT II

**Physical Layer Alternatives for Wireless Networks:** Introduction, applied wireless transmission techniques, short distance base band transmission, UWB pulse transmission, Carrier Modulated transmission, Broadband modems for higher speeds, Spread Spectrum transmissions, High-speed Modems for Spread spectrum technology, Diversity and Smart Receiving Techniques, Comparison of modulation schemes, Coding techniques for wireless communications.

#### UNIT III

Wireless Medium Access Alternatives: Introduction, fixed-assignment access for Voice-Oriented networks, Random access for Data-Oriented Networks, Integration of Voice and Data Traffic. NETWORK PLANNING: Introduction, wireless network topologies, Cellular Topology, Cell Fundamentals, Signal-to-interference ratio calculation, capacity Expansion Techniques, network planning for CDMA systems.

#### UNIT IV

**Wireless Network Operation:** Introduction, mobility management, radio resources and power management, security in wireless networks. Wireless Application Protocol.

Design and Principles of Operation, WAP Architecture & Components, WAE Overview, WAE Model, WTA Architecture, WTA Framework Components, WSP Specification, WTP Specification, WTLS Specification, WDP Specification.

# UNIT V

**Bluetooth** : Design and Principles of Operation, Transmitter Characteristics, Bluetooth Security, Link Manager Protocol, Logical Link Control and Adaptation Layer Protocol, Alternatives to Bluetooth. WIRELESS LANs: Benefits of WLANs, Design and principles of Operation, WLAN Configurations, Microcells and Roaming, Types of WLANS, IEEE802.11, IEEE802.11a, IEEE802.11b.

# TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kaveh Pahlavan and Prashant Krishnamurthy," Principles of Wireless Networks-a Unified approach", Pearson, 2004.
- 2. Gary S.Rogers et al, "An Introduction to Wireless Technology", Pearson, 2007.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. William Stallings, "Wireless communications and Networks", Pearson education, 2005, ISBN 81-7808-560-7.

- 2 Jim Geier, "Wireless Networks first-step", Pearson, 2005.
- 3 Sumit Kasera et al, "2.5G Mobile Networks: GPRS and EDGE", TMH, 2008.
- 4 Matthew S.Gast, "802.11 Wireless Networks", O'Reilly, Second Edition, 2006.
- 5. Theodore s. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications principles and practice", second edition, PHI, 2002.
- 6. C.S.R.Prabhu et al, "Bluetooth Technology and its Applications with Java and J2ME", PHI, 2007.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

# **MOBILE COMPUTING**

#### **Objectives:**

- To make the student understand the concept of mobile computing paradigm, its novel applications and limitations.
- To understand the typical mobile networking infrastructure through a popular GSM protocol.
- To understand the issues and solutions of various layers of mobile networks, namely MAC layer, Network Layer & Transport Layer.
- To understand the database issues in mobile environments & data delivery models.
- To understand the ad hoc networks and related concepts.
- To understand the platforms and protocols used in mobile environment.

# UNIT I

**Introduction to Mobile Computing:** Introduction to Mobile Computing, Mobile Computing Functions, Devices, Applications and Services.

**Mobile Computing Architecture:** Architecture for Mobile Computing, Three-Tier Architecture – Presentation Tier, Application Tier, Data Tier, Design Considerations for Mobile Computing: Client Context Manager, Context Aware Systems.

#### UNIT II

**Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) & General Packet Radio Service (GPRS):** GSM Architecture, GSM Entities, Call Routing in GSM, PLMN Interfaces, GSM Addresses and Identifiers, Network Aspects in GSM, GSM Frequency Allocation, Authentication and Security.

**GPRS:** GPRS and Packet Data Network, GPRS Network Architecture & Operations, Applications and Limitations of GPRS.

# UNIT III:

WAP: WAP Architecture, Wireless Markup Language (WML), WML Script.

**Mobile Network Layer:** Mobile IP (Goals, assumptions, entities and terminology, IP packet delivery, agent advertisement and discovery, registration, tunnelling and encapsulation, optimizations), Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), Mobile Ad-hoc networks: Routing, destination Sequence Distance Vector, Dynamic Source Routing.

#### UNIT IV

**Mobile Transport Layer:** Traditional TCP, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Fast retransmit/fast recovery, Transmission /time-out freezing, Selective retransmission, Transaction oriented TCP.

**Broadcast Systems:** Overview, Cyclical repetition of data, Digital audio broadcasting: Multimedia object transfer protocol, Digital video broadcasting: DVB data broadcasting, DVB for high-speed internet access, Convergence of broadcasting and mobile communications.

# UNIT V

**Emerging Technologies & Security Issues In Mobile Computing :** Introduction, Bluetooth, Radio Frequency Identification (Rfid), Wireless Broadband (WiMax), IPv6, J2ME.

Security: Introduction, information Security, Security Models, Security Frameworks for Mobile Environment.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2008.
- 2. Asoke K Talukder, et al, "Mobile Computing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.

- 1. Gary S.Rogers, et al, "An Introduction to Wireless Technology", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Frank Adelstein et al, "Fundamentals of Mobile and Pervasive Computing", TMH, 2005.
- 3. Yi-Bang Lin, et al, 'Wireless and Mobile Network Architectures", Wiley-INDIA, 2008.
- 4. Dharma prakash Agarwal et al, "introduction to Wireless and Mobile Systems", Thomson, Second Edition, 2007.
- 5. Ivan Stojmenovic, "Handbook of Wireless Networks and Mobile Computing", Wiley, 2007.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### **DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS**

#### **Objectives:**

- Explain what a distributed system is, why you would design a system as a distributed system, and what the desired properties of such systems are.
- List the principles underlying the functioning of distributed systems, describe the problems and challenges associated with these principles, and evaluate the effectiveness and shortcomings of their solutions.
- Recognize how the principles are applied in contemporary distributed systems, explain how they affect the software design, and be able to identify features and design decisions that may cause problems.
- Design a distributed system that fulfills requirements with regards to key distributed systems properties (such as scalability, transparency, etc.), be able to recognize when this is not possible, and explain why.
- Build distributed system software using basic OS mechanisms as well as higher-level middleware and languages.

#### UNIT I

Characterization of Distributed Systems-Introduction, Examples of Distributed systems, Resource sharing and web, challenges, System models-Introduction, Architectural and Fundamental models, Networking and Internetworking, Interprocess Communication.

Distributed objects and Remote Invocation-Introduction, Communication between distributed objects, RPC, Events and notifications, Case study-Java RMI.

#### UNIT II

Operating System Support-Introduction, OS layer, Protection, Processes and Threads, Communication and Invocation, Operating system architecture, Distributed File Systems-Introduction, File Service architecture, case study- SUN network file systems.

Name Services-Introduction; Name Services and the Domain Name System, Case study of the Global Name Service, Case study of the X.500 Directory Service.

#### UNIT III

Peer to Peer Systems–Introduction, Napster and its legacy, Peer to Peer middleware, Routing overlays, Overlay case studies-Pastry, Tapestry, Application case studies-Squirrel, Ocean Store.

Time and Global States-Introduction, Clocks, events and Process states, Synchronizing physical clocks, logical time and logical clocks, global states, distributed debugging.

Coordination and Agreement-Introduction, Distributed mutual exclusion, Elections, Multicast communication, consensus and related problems.

#### UNIT IV

Transactions and Concurrency control-Introduction, Transactions, Nested Transactions, Locks, Optimistic concurrency control, Timestamp ordering, Comparison of methods for concurrency control. Distributed Transactions-Introduction, Flat and Nested Distributed Transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery, Replication-Introduction, System model and group communication, Fault tolerant services, Transactions with replicated data.

# UNIT V

Security-Introduction, Overview of Security techniques, Cryptographic algorithms, Digital signatures, Case studies-Kerberos, TLS, 802.11 WiFi.

Distributed shared memory, Design and Implementation issues, Sequential consistency and Ivy case study, Release consistency and Munin case study, Other consistency models, CORBA case study-Introduction, CORBA RMI, CORBA Services.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, G Coulouris, J Dollimore and T Kindberg, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Distributed Systems, S.Ghosh, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.

- 1. Distributed Computing, S.Mahajan and S.Shah, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Distributed Operating Systems Concepts and Design, Pradeep K.Sinha, PHI.
- 3. Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems, M Singhal, N G Shivarathri, TMH.
- 4. Reliable Distributed Systems, K.P.Birman, Springer.
- 5. Distributed Systems Principles and Paradigms, A.S. Tanenbaum and M.V. Steen, Pearson Education.
- 6. Distributed Operating Systems and Algorithm Analysis, R.Chow, T.Johnson, Pearson.
- 7. Distributed Operating Systems, A.S. Tanenbaum, Pearson education.
- 8. Distributed Computing, Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Ajay D.K shemakalyani and Mukesh Singhal, Cambridge, rp 2010.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### AD HOC AND SENSOR NETWORKS

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand the concepts of sensor networks.
- To understand the MAC and transport protocols for ad hoc networks.
- To understand the security of sensor networks.
- To understand the applications of ad hoc and sensor networks.

# Outcomes:

# UNIT I

Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Introduction, Issues in Ad hoc wireless networks, Ad hoc wireless Internet

**MAC protocols for Ad hoc Wireless Networks:** Issues in Designing a MAC Protocol for Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Design Goals for a MAC Protocol for Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of the MAC Protocols, Other MAC Protocols.

#### UNIT II

**Routing Protocols for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks:** Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of Routing Protocols.

**Transport Layer for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks :** Issues in Designing a Transport layer protocol for Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Design goals of a Transport layer protocol for Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Classification of Transport layer solutions, TCP over Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Other Transport layer protocols for Ad hoc Wireless Networks.

#### UNIT III

**Security protocols for Ad hoc Wireless Networks:** Security in Ad hoc Wireless Networks, Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Key Management, Secure Routing in Ad hoc Wireless Networks.

#### UNIT IV

**Basics of Wireless, Sensors and Applications:** The Mica Mote, Sensing and Communication Range, Design Issues, Energy consumption, Clustering of Sensors, Applications.

**Data Retrieval in Sensor Networks:** Classification of WSNs, MAC layer, Routing layer, Transport layer, High-level application layer support, Adapting to the inherent dynamic nature of WSNs.

#### UNIT V

Sensor Network Hardware: Components of Sensor Mote.

Operating System in Sensors- TinyOS, LA-TinyOS, SOS, RETOS.

**Imperative Language:** nesC, Dataflow style language: TinyGALS, Node-Level Simulators, ns-2 and its sensor network extension, TOSSIM.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Ad hoc Wireless Networks Architectures and Protocols, C.Siva Ram Murthy, B.S.Murthy, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Theory and Applications, Carlos Corderio Dharma P.Aggarwal, World Scientific Publications / Cambridge University Press, March 2006.

3. Wireless Sensor Networks – Principles and Practice, Fei Hu, Xiaojun Cao, An Auerbach book, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2010.

- 1. Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach, Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, Elsevier Science imprint, Morgan Kauffman Publishers, 2005, rp2009.
- 2. Wireless Ad hoc Mobile Wireless Networks Principles, Protocols and Applications, Subir Kumar Sarkar, et al., Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group, 2008.
- 3. Ad hoc Networking, Charles E.Perkins, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 4. Wireless Ad hoc Networking, Shih-Lin Wu, Yu-Chee Tseng, Auerbach Publications, Taylor & Francis Group, 2007.
- 5. Wireless Ad hoc and Sensor Networks Protocols, Performance and Control, Jagannathan Sarangapani, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2007, rp 2010.
- 6. Security in Ad hoc and Sensor Networks, Raheem Beyah, et al., World Scientific Publications / Cambridge University Press, , 2010.
- 7. Ad hoc Wireless Networks A communication-theoretic perspective, Ozan K. Tonguz, Gialuigi Ferrari, Wiley India, 2006, rp2009.
- 8. Wireless Sensor Networks Signal processing and communications perspectives, Ananthram Swami, et al., Wiley India, 2007, rp2009.
- 9. Handbook on Sensor Networks Yang Xiao, Hui Chen & Frank Haizhon Li, World Scientific, 2010.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### STORAGE AREA NETWORKS

#### (ELECTIVE-III)

#### Objectives:

- Understand Storage Area Networks characteristics and components.
- Become familiar with the SAN vendors and their products.
- Become familiar with Cisco MDS 9000 Multilayer Directors and Fabric Switches Thoroughly learn Cisco SAN-OS features.
- Understand the use of all SAN-OS commands. Practice variations of SANOS features.

#### UNIT I:

**Introduction to Storage Technology :** Review data creation and the amount of data being created and understand the value of data to a business, challenges in data storage and data management, Solutions available for data storage, Core elements of a data center infrastructure, role of each element in supporting business activities

#### UNIT II:

**Storage Systems Architecture :** Hardware and software components of the host environment, Key protocols and concepts used by each component ,Physical and logical components of a connectivity environment ,Major physical components of a disk drive and their function, logical constructs of a physical disk, access characteristics, and performance Implications, Concept of RAID and its components , Different RAID levels and their suitability for different application environments: RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 3, RAID 4, RAID 5, RAID 0+1, RAID 1+0, RAID 6, Compare and contrast integrated and modular storage systems, High-level architecture and working of an intelligent storage system.

#### UNIT III:

**Introduction to Networked Storage :** Evolution of networked storage, Architecture, components, and topologies of FC-SAN, NAS, and IP-SAN, Benefits of the different networked storage options, Understand the need for long-term archiving solutions and describe how CAS fulfills the need, Understand the appropriateness of the different networked storage options for different application environments.

#### UNIT IV:

Information Availability & Monitoring & Managing Datacenter : List reasons for planned/unplanned outages and the impact of downtime, Impact of downtime, Differentiate between business continuity (BC) and disaster recovery (DR), RTO and RPO, Identify single points of failure in a storage infrastructure and list solutions to mitigate these failures, Architecture of backup/recovery and the different backup/recovery topologies, replication technologies and their role in ensuring information availability and business continuity, Remote replication technologies and their role in providing disaster recovery and business continuity capabilities.

Identify key areas to monitor in a data center, Industry standards for data center monitoring and management, Key metrics to monitor for different components in a storage infrastructure, Key management tasks in a data center.

#### UNIT V:

**Securing Storage and Storage Virtualization :** Information security, Critical security attributes for information systems, Storage security domains, List and analyzes the common threats in each domain,

Virtualization technologies, block-level and file-level virtualization technologies and processes.

**Case Studies :** The technologies described in the course are reinforced with EMC examples of actual solutions.

Realistic case studies enable the participant to design the most appropriate solution for given sets of criteria.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. EMC Corporation, Information Storage and Management, Wiley.

- 1. Robert Spalding, "Storage Networks: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2003.
- 2. Marc Farley, "Building Storage Networks", Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2001.
- 3. Meeta Gupta, Storage Area Network Fundamentals, Pearson Education Limited, 2002.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEMS

#### (ELECTIVE-III)

#### **Objectives:**

On completion of this course you should have gained a good understanding of the foundation concepts of information retrieval techniques and be able to apply these concepts into practice. Specifically, you should be able to:

- use different information retrieval techniques in various application areas.
- apply IR principles to locate relevant information large collections of data.
- analyze performance of retrieval systems when dealing with unmanaged data sources.
- Implement retrieval systems for web search tasks.

#### UNIT I

Boolean retrieval. The term vocabulary and postings lists. Dictionaries and tolerant retrieval. Index construction. Index compression.

#### UNIT II

Scoring, term weighting and the vector space model. Computing scores in a complete search system. Evaluation in information retrieval. Relevance feedback and query expansion.

#### UNIT III

XML retrieval. Probabilistic information retrieval. Language models for information retrieval. Text classification. Vector space classification.

#### **UNIT IV**

Support vector machines and machine learning on documents. Flat clustering. Hierarchical clustering. Matrix decompositions and latent semantic indexing.

#### UNIT V

Web search basics. Web crawling and indexes. Link analysis.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Introduction to Information Retrieval, Christopher D. Manning and Prabhakar Raghavan and Hinrich Schütze, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

- 1. Information Storage and Retrieval Systems: Theory and Implementation, Kowalski, Gerald, Mark T Maybury, Springer.
- 2. Modern Information Retrieval, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics, David A Grossman and Ophir Frieder, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2004.
- 4. Information Retrieval Data Structures and Algorithms, William B Frakes, Ricardo Baeza-Yates, Pearson Education, 1992.
- 5. Information Storage & Retieval, Robert Korfhage, John Wiley & Sons.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

#### (ELECTIVE-III)

#### **Objectives:**

- To Develop critical thinking about shortcomings of the state of the art in image processing.
- To cover the basic theory and algorithms are widely used in digital image processing.
- To expose students to current technologies and issues that are specific to image processing systems.

# UNIT I

Fundamental steps of image processing, components of an image processing of system, the image model and image acquisition, sampling and quantization, station ship between pixels, distance functions, scanner.

#### UNIT II

Statistical and spatial operations, Grey level transformations, histogram equalization, smoothing & sharpening-spatial filters, frequency domain filters, homomorphic filtering, image filtering & restoration.

Inverse and weiner filtering. FIR weiner filter.

Filtering using image transforms, smoothing splines and interpolation.

#### UNIT III

Morphological and other area operations, basic morphological operations, opening and closing operations, dilation erosion, Hit or Miss transform, morphological algorithms, extension to grey scale images.

Segmentation and Edge detection region operations, basic edge detection, second order detection, crack edge detection, gradient operators, compass and laplace operators, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region based segmentation, segmentation by morphological watersheds.

#### **UNIT IV**

Image compression: Types and requirements, statistical compression, spatial compression, contour coding, quantizing compression, image data compression-predictive technique, pixel coding, transfer coding theory, lossy and lossless predictive type coding.

Basics of color image processing, pseudocolor image processing, color transformation, color smoothing and sharpening, color segmentation, color image compression, compression standards.

#### UNIT V

Image Transforms - Fourier, DFT, DCT, DST, Haar, Hotelling, Karhunen -Loeve, Walsh, Hadamard, Slant. Representation and Description - Chain codes, Polygonal approximation, Signatures Boundary Segments, Skeltons, Boundary Descriptors, Regional Descriptors, Relational Descriptors, PCA.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Image Processing by Rafael.C.Gonzalez & Richard E.Woods, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Digital Image Processing, M.Anji Reddy, Y.Hari Shankar, BS Publications.
- 3. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing by A.K. Jain, PHI.

- 1. Digital Image Processing William K, Part I John Wiley edition.
- 2. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB by Rafael.C.Gonzalez, Richard E.Woods, & Steven L.Eddins, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 3. Digital Image Processing, Kenneth R. Castleman, Pearson Education, 2007.

#### M. Tech – I Year – II Sem. (Computer Networks)

# WEB SERVICES

#### (ELECTIVE - IV)

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand the details of web services technologies like WSDL, UDDI, SOAP.
- To learn how to implement and deploy web service client and server.
- To explore interoperability between different frameworks.

#### UNIT I

Evolution and Emergence of Web Services - Evolution of distributed computing, Core distributed computing technologies – client/server, CORBA, JAVA RMI, Micro Soft DCOM, MOM, Challenges in Distributed Computing, role of J2EE and XML in distributed computing, emergence of Web Services and Service Oriented Architecture (SOA).

Introduction to Web Services – The definition of web services, basic operational model of web services, tools and technologies enabling web services, benefits and challenges of using web services.

#### UNIT II

Web Services Architecture – Web services Architecture and its characteristics, core building blocks of web services, standards and technologies available for implementing web services, web services communication, basic steps of implementing web services, developing web services enabled applications.

#### UNIT III

Core fundamentals of SOAP – SOAP Message Structure, SOAP encoding, SOAP message exchange models, SOAP communication and messaging, SOAP security.

Developing Web Services using SOAP – Building SOAP Web Services, developing SOAP Web Services using Java, limitations of SOAP.

#### UNIT IV

Describing Web Services – WSDL – WSDL in the world of Web Services, Web Services life cycle, anatomy of WSDL definition document, WSDL bindings, WSDL Tools, limitations of WSDL.

Discovering Web Services – Service discovery, role of service discovery in a SOA, service discovery mechanisms, UDDI – UDDI Registries, uses of UDDI Registry, Programming with UDDI, UDDI data structures, support for categorization in UDDI Registries.

#### UNIT V

Publishing API, Publishing information to a UDDI Registry, searching information in a UDDI Registry, deleting information in a UDDI Registry, limitations of UDDI.

Web Services Interoperability – Means of ensuring Interoperability, Overview of .NET and J2EE. Web Services Security – XML security frame work, XML encryption, XML digital signature, XKMS structure, guidelines for signing XML documents.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Developing Java Web Services, R. Nagappan, R. Skoczylas, R.P. Sriganesh, Wiley India, rp 2008.
- 2. Developing Enterprise Web Services, S. Chatterjee, J. Webber, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. XML, Web Services, and the Data Revolution, F.P.Coyle, Pearson Education.

- 1. Building Web Services with Java, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, S. Graham and others, Pearson Edn., 2008.
- 2. Java Web Services, D.A. Chappell & T. Jewell, O'Reilly, SPD.
- 3. McGovern, et al., "Java Web Services Architecture", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2005.
- 4. J2EE Web Services, Richard Monson-Haefel, Pearson Education.
- 5. Web Services, G. Alonso, F. Casati and others, Springer, 2005.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

# **NETWORK MANAGEMENT & PERFORMANCE EVALUATION**

#### (ELECTIVE - IV)

# **Objectives:**

- To describe bridging/switching technologies and apply them to network design.
- To apply algorithms to solve network design problems.
- To analyze network traffic flow and evaluate its performance.
- To demonstrate understanding of network management standards, SNMP.

# UNIT I

Introduction to Network Management: Analogy of Telephone Network Management, Communications protocols and Standards, Case Histories of Networking and Management, Challenges of Information Technology Managers, Network Management: Goals, Organization, and Functions, Network and System Management. Network Management System Platform, Current Status and future of Network Management.

#### UNIT II

SNMP v1 Network Management: Organization and Information Models : The History of SNMP Management The SNMP Mode, The Organization Model, System Overview, The Information Model. The SNMP Communication Model, Functional model.

SNMP Management: SNMP v2.

Major Changes in SNMPv2, SNMPv2 System Architecture, SNMPv2 Structure of Management Information , The SNMPv2 Management Information Base, SNMPv2 Protocol, Compatibility with SNMP v1.

#### UNIT III

Network Management Tools and Systems : Network Management Tools, Network Statistics Measurement Systems, History of Enterprise Management, Network Management systems, Commercial network management Systems, System Management, and Enterprise Management Solutions.

Web-Based Management: NMS with Web Interface and Web-Based Management, Web Interface to SNMP Management, Embedded Web-Based Management, Desktop management Interface, Web-Based Enterprise Management.

#### **UNIT IV**

WBEM: Windows Management Instrumentation. Java management Extensions, Management of a Storage Area Network: Future Directions.

Performance Modeling and Estimation: Overview of Probability and Stochastic Processes – Probability, Random Variables Stochastic Processes, Queuing Analysis - How Queues Behave—A Simple Example Why Queuing Analysis. Queuing Models, Single-Server Queues. Multi server Queues, Examples, Queues with Priorities, Networks of Queues, Other Queuing Models. Estimating Model Parameters.

#### UNIT V

Modeling and Estimation of Self-Similar Traffic : Self-Similar Traffic - Self-Similarity, Self-Similar Data Traffic, Examples of Self-Similar Data Traffic, Performance Implications of Self-Similarity. Modeling and Estimation of Self-Similar Data Traffic.

Quality of Service in IP Networks : Exterior Routing Protocols and Multicast - Path-Vector Protocols: BGP and IDRP. Multicasting, Integrated and Differentiated Services - Integrated Services Architecture (ISA),

Queuing Discipline, Random Early Detection. Differentiated Services, Protocols for QOS Support - Resource Reservation: RSVP. Multi protocol Label Switching, Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP).

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Mani Subramanian, "Network Management, Principles and Practice", Pearson Education, 2000, rp2007.
- 2. William Stallings, "High-Speed Networks and Internets: Performance and Quality of Service 2ed", Prentice Hall/Pearson Education, 2002.

- 1. Benoit Claise and Ralf Wolter, "Network Management: Accounting and Performance Strategies", Pearson Education, 2007, rp2008.
- 2. J. Richard Burke, "Network Management Concepts and Practice: A Hands-on Approach", PHI, 2004, rp2008.
- 3. Stephen B. Morris, "Network Management, MIBs and MPLS", Pearson Education, 2003, rp 2008.
- 4. Anurag Kumar, D.Manjunath and Joy Kuri, "Communication Networking: An Analytical Approach", Elsevier, 2004.
- 5. Engineering Internet Qos, Sanjay Jha and Mahbub Hassan, Artech House, 2002.
- 6. Thomas G. Robertazzi, "Conputer Networks and Systems Queuing Theory and Performance Evaluation 3ed", Springer, 2000, rp2002.
- 7. Gary N. Higginbottom, "Performance Evaluation of Communication Networks", Artech House, 1998.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

# E-COMMERCE

#### (ELECTIVE - IV)

#### **Objectives:**

- Identify the major categories and trends of e-commerce applications.
- Identify the essential processes of an e-commerce system.
- Identify several factors and web store requirements needed to succeed in e-commerce.
- Discuss the benefits and trade-offs of various e-commerce clicks and bricks alternatives.
- Understand the main technologies behind e-commerce systems and how these technologies interact.
- Discuss the various marketing strategies for an online business.
- Define various electronic payment types and associated security risks and the ways to protect against them.

#### UNIT - I

Electronic Commerce-Frame work, anatomy of E-Commerce applications, E-Commerce Consumer applications, E-Commerce organization applications.

Consumer Oriented Electronic commerce - Mercantile Process models.

# UNIT - II

Electronic payment systems - Digital Token-Based, Smart Cards, Credit Cards, Risks in Electronic Payment systems.

Inter Organizational Commerce - EDI, EDI Implementation, Value added networks.

#### UNIT - III

Intra Organizational Commerce - work Flow, Automation Customization and internal Commerce, Supply chain Management.

Corporate Digital Library - Document Library, digital Document types, corporate Data Warehouses.

#### UNIT-IV

Advertising and Marketing - Information based marketing, Advertising on Internet, on-line marketing process, market research.

Consumer Search and Resource Discovery - Information search and Retrieval, Commerce Catalogues, Information Filtering.

#### UNIT - V

Multimedia - key multimedia concepts, Digital Video and electronic Commerce, Desktop video processing, Desktop video conferencing.

# TEXT BOOK:

1. Frontiers of electronic commerce – Kalakata, Whinston, Pearson.

- 1. E-Commerce fundamentals and applications Hendry Chan, Raymond Lee, Tharam Dillon, Ellizabeth Chang, John Wiley.
- 2. E-Commerce, S.Jaiswal Galgotia.
- 3. E-Commerce, Efrain Turbon, Jae Lee, David King, H.Michael Chang.
- 4. Electronic Commerce Gary P.Schneider Thomson.
- 5. E-Commerce Business, Technology, Society, Kenneth C.Taudon, Carol Guyerico Traver.

#### M. Tech - I Year - II Sem. (Computer Networks)

#### WEB PROGRAMING LAB

Objectives:

- To enable the student to program web applications using the following technologies
- HTML
- XML
- JavaScript
- Tomcat Server
- Servites
- JSP
- 1. Develop static pages (using Only HTML) of an online Book store. The pages should resemble: www.amazon.com. The website should consist the following pages.

Home page	Shopping Cart
Registration and user Login	Payment By credit card
User Profile Page	Order Conformation
Books catalog	

Validate the Registration, user login, user profile and payment by credit card pages using JavaScript.

2. Create and save an XML document at the server, which contains 10 users information. Write a program, which takes User Id as an input and returns the user details by taking the user information from the XML document.

Bean Assignments

- 3. Create a JavaBeans which gives the exchange value of INR(Indian Rupees) into equivalent American/ Canadian/Australian Dollar value.
- 4. Create a simple Bean with a label which is the count of number of clicks. Than create a BeanInfo class such that only the "count" property is visible in the Property Window.
- 5. Create two Beans-a) Keypad .b) DisplayPad .After that integrate the two Beans to make it work as a Calculator.
- 6. Create two Beans Traffic Light (Implemented as a Label with only three background colours-Red, Green, Yellow) and Automobile(Implemented as a Textbox which states its state/movement). The state of the Automobile should depend on the following Light Transition Table.

Light Transition	Automobile State
Red> Yellow	Ready
Yellow> Green	Move
Green> Red	Stopped

7. Install TOMCAT web server. Convert the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages using Servlets and cookies. Hint: Users information (user id, password, credit card number) would be stored in web.xml. Each user should have a separate Shopping Cart.

Redo the previous task using JSP by converting the static web pages of assignments 2 into dynamic web pages. Create a database with user information and books information. The books catalogue should be dynamically loaded from the database. Follow the MVC architecture while doing the website.

Implement the "Hello World!" program using JSP Struts Framework.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Java Server Programming for Professionals, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Bayross and others, O'reilly, SPD.
- 2. JDBC, Servlets, and JSP, Black Book, K. Santosh Kumar, dreamtech.
- 3. Core Web Programming, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Volume 1, M.Hall and L.Brown, PHPTR.
- 4. Core Web Programming, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Volume 2, M.Hall and L.Brown, PHPTR.
- 5. Core Java, Volume 1, Horstman and Cornell, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Core Java, Volume 2, Horstman and Cornell, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education.
- 7. Java Programming: Advanced Topics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, J.Wiggles worth and P.McMillan, Thomson.