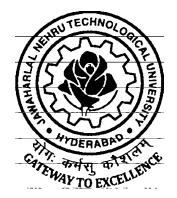
ACADEMIC REGULATIONS COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABUS

M.TECH

ELECRICAL POWER SYSTEMS/POWER ENGINEERING AND ENERGY SYSTEMS/ POWER SYSTEM CONTROL AND AUTOMATION/ ELECRICAL POWER ENGINEERING

(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2013-14)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R13 FOR M. TECH. (REGULAR) DEGREE COURSE

Applicable for the students of M. Tech. (Regular) Course from the Academic Year 2013-14 and onwards

The M. Tech. Degree of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad shall be conferred on candidates who are admitted to the program and who fulfil all the requirements for the award of the Degree.

1.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the University or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

2.0 AWARD OF M. TECH. DEGREE

- 2.1 A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years. However, he is permitted to write the examinations for two more years after four academic years of course work.
- 2.2 A student, who fails to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within four academic years from the year of his admission, shall forfeit his seat in M. Tech. course.
- 2.3 The student shall register for all 88 credits and secure all the 88 credits.
- 2.4 The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

3.0 A. COURSES OF STUDY

The following specializations are offered at present for the M. Tech. course of study.

- 1. Advanced Manufacturing Systems
- 2. Aerospace Engineering/Aeronautical Engineering
- 3. Automation
- 4. Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
- 5. Bio-Technology
- 6. CAD/CAM
- 7. Chemical Engineering
- 8. Communication Systems
- 9. Computer Networks
- 10. Computer Networks and Information Security
- 11. Computer Science
- 12. Computer Science and Engineering
- 13. Computers and Communication Engineering.
- 14. Construction Management
- 15. Control Engineering
- 16. Control Systems
- 17. Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology
- 18. Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
- 19. Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
- 20. Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
- 21. Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
- 22. Electrical Power Engineering
- 23. Electrical Power Systems
- 24. Electronics & Instrumentation

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- 25. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 26. Embedded Systems
- 27. Embedded Systems and VLSI Design
- 28. Energy Systems
- 29. Engineering Design
- 30. Environmental Engineering
- 31. Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
- 32. Geotechnical Engineering.
- 33. Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning.
- 34. Highway Engineering
- 35. Image Processing
- 36. Industrial Engineering and Management
- 37. Information Technology
- 38. Infrastructure Engineering
- 39. Machine Design
- 40. Mechatronics.
- 41. Microwave & Radar Engineering
- 42. Nano Technology
- 43. Neural Networks
- 44. Parallel Computing
- 45. Power and Industrial Drives
- 46. Power Electronics
- 47. Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
- 48. Power Engineering and Energy Systems
- 49. Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
- 50. Power System Control and Automation
- 51. Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
- 52. Production Engineering.
- 53. Real Time Systems
- 54. Software Engineering
- 55. Structural Engineering
- 56. Systems & Signal Processing
- 57. Thermal Engineering.
- 58. Transportation Engineering
- 59. VLSI
- 60. VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology
- 61. VLSI Design
- 62. VLSI System Design
- 63. Web Technologies
- 64. Wireless and Mobile Communication

and any other course as approved by the University from time to time.

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3.0 B. Departments offering M. Tech. Programmes with specializations are noted below:

Civil Engg.	Construction Management
CIVII Eligg.	-
	Environmental Engineering
	Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
	Geotechnical Engineering
	Highway Engineering
	Infrastructure Engineering
	Structural Engineering
	Transportation Engineering
EEE	Control Engineering
	Control Systems
	Electrical Power Engineering
	Electrical Power Systems
	Power and Industrial Drives
	Power Electronics
	Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
	Power Engineering and Energy Systems
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
	Power System Control and Automation
	Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
ME	Advanced Manufacturing Systems
	Automation
	CAD/CAM
	Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
	Energy Systems
	Engineering Design
	Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning
	Industrial Engineering and Management
	Machine Design
	Mechatronics.
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
	Production Engineering
	Thermal Engineering.
ECE	Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
	Communication Systems
	Computers and Communication Engineering.
	Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
	Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
	Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
	Electronics & Instrumentation
	Electronics and Communication Engineering
	Embedded Systems
	Embedded Systems and VLSI Design
	LINDEQUEU SYSTEMS AND VESI DESIGN

	Microwave & Radar Engineering			
	Systems & Signal Processing			
	VLSI			
	VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology			
	VLSI Design			
	VLSI System Design			
	Wireless and Mobile Communication			
CSE	Computer Networks			
	Computer Networks and Information Security			
	Computer Science			
	Computer Science and Engineering			
	Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology			
	mage Processing			
	nformation Technology			
	Neural Networks			
	Parallel Computing			
	Real Time Systems			
	Software Engineering			
	Web Technologies			
Aeronautical Engg.	Aerospace Engineering / Aeronautical Engineering			
Bio-technology	Bio-Technology			
Chemical Engg.	Chemical Engineering			
Nano Technology	Nano Technology			

4.0 ATTENDANCE

The programs are offered on a unit basis with each subject being considered a unit.

- 4.1 A student shall be eligible to write University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- 4.2 Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 4.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned.
- 4.4 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 4.5 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 4.6 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 4.7 A candidate shall put in a minimum required attendance at least in three (3) theory subjects in the present semester to get promoted to the next semester. In order to qualify for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, the candidate shall complete all the academic requirements of the subjects, as per the course structure.
- 4.8 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the previous semester including the days of attendance in sports, games, NCC and NSS activities.

5.0 EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practicals, on the basis of Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

- 5.1 For the theory subjects 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the average of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each mid term examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with Part A as compulsory question (16 marks) which consists of four sub-questions and carries 4 marks each and Part B with 3 questions to be answered out of 5 questions each question for 8 marks. If any candidate is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the Question Paper pattern for End Examination (Theory) is given below:
- The End semesters Examination will be conducted for 60 marks which consists of two parts viz. i).Part-A for 20 marks, ii). Part –B for 40 marks.
- Part-A is compulsory question where it consists of five questions one from each unit and carries four marks each. This will be treated as Question 1.
- Part-B consists of five Questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carries 8 marks each. Each of these
 questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an
 "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should
 answer only one question)
- 5.2 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks.
- 5.3 There shall be two seminar presentations during I year I semester and II semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Departmental Academic Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.
- 5.4 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in II year I Semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students' understanding of various subjects he has studied during the M. Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.
- 5.5 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.
- 5.6 In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.5) he has to reappear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and so has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the re-registered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.
- 5.7 In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any subject, he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall re-register the subject when next

offered.

5.8 Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher and the second examiner shall be another Laboratory Teacher.

6.0 EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- 6.1 A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Principal as Chairperson, Heads of all the Departments offering the M. Tech. programs and two other senior faculty members.
- 6.2 Registration of Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.
- 6.3 After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work to the Departmental Academic Committee for approval. Only after obtaining the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee can the student initiate the Project work.
- 6.4 If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee. However, the Departmental Academic Committee shall examine whether or not the change of topic/supervisor leads to a major change of his initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.
- 6.5 A candidate shall submit his status report in a bound-form in two stages at least with a gap of 3 months between them.
- 6.6 The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. For the approval of PRC the candidate shall submit the draft copy of thesis to the Principal through Head of the Department and make an oral presentation before the PRC.
- 6.7 Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/ School/Institute.
- 6.8 The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the University. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.
- 6.9 If the report of the examiner is not favourable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is unfavourable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected.
- 6.10 If the report of the examiner is favourable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work as one of the following:
 - A. Excellent
 - B. Good
 - C. Satisfactory
 - D. Unsatisfactory

The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva-Voce examination.

If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory, the candidate shall retake the Viva-Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva-Voce examination, he will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

7.0 AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured
First Class with Distinction	70% and above
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%

The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

8.0 WITHHOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid the dues, if any, to the university or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student will be withheld and he will not be allowed into the next semester. His degree will be withheld in such cases.

9.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

- 9.1 Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for admission to two earlier or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- 9.2 The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R13 academic regulations.

10. GENERAL

- 10.1 Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 10.2 The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 10.3 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 10.4 The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the University.

MALPRACTICES RULES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment		
	If the candidate:			
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.		
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.		
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/ year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.		
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.		

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4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
 - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
 - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
 - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

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M.TECH - ELECRICAL POWER SYSTEMS/POWER ENGINEERING AND ENERGY SYSTEMS/ POWER SYSTEM CONTROL AND AUTOMATION/ ELECRICAL POWER ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

I Year I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Advanced Power System Analysis	3	-	3
		Advanced Power System Protection	3	-	3
		Renewable Energy Systems	3	-	3
		Modern Control Theory	3	-	3
	Elective –I	High Voltage Engineering EHV AC Transmission Microcontrollers and Applications	3	-	3
	Elective -II	Power Quality HVDC Transmission Distribution Automation	3	-	3
	Lab	Power Systems Lab-I	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Power System Dynamics	3	-	3
		Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS)	3	-	3
		Power System Operation and Deregulation	3	-	3
		AI Techniques in Electrical Power Engineering	3	-	3
	Elective -III	Gas Insulated Systems(GIS) Electric Smart Grid Energy Auditing, Conservation and Management	3	-	3
	Elective –IV	Reactive Power Compensation and Management Power System Reliability Voltage Stability	3	-	3
	Lab	Power Systems Lab-II	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

Il Year - I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Comprehensive Viva-Voce	-	-	2
		Project Seminar	-	3	2
		Project work	-	-	18
		Total Credits	-	3	22

Il Year - Il Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Project work Part-II and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total Credits	-	-	22

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM ANALYSIS

UNIT-I:

Admittance Model and Network Calculations, Branch and Node Admittances, Mutually Coupled Branches in Y_{BUS} , An Equivalent Admittance Network, Modification of Y_{BUS} , Network Incidence Matrix and Y_{BUS} , Method of Successive Elimination, Node Elimination, Triangular Factorization, Sparsity and Near Optimal Ordering.

UNIT-II:

Impedance Model and Network Calculations, the BUS Admittance and Impedance Matrices, Thevenin's Theorem and Z_{BUS} , Algorithms for building Z_{BUS} Modification of existing Z_{BUS} , Calculation of Z_{BUS} elements from Y_{BUS} . Power Invariant Transformations, Mutually Coupled Branches in Z_{BUS} .

UNIT-III:

Gauss Seidel method, N-R Method, Decoupled method, fast decoupled method, comparison between power flow solutions. DC load flow.

UNIT-IV:

Z_{BUS} Method in Contingency Analysis, Adding and Removing Multiple Lines, Piecewise Solution of Interconnected Systems, Analysis of Single Contingencies, Analysis of Multiple Contingencies, Contingency Analysis of DC Model, System Reduction for Contingency and Fault Studies.

UNIT-V:

Fault Analysis: Symmetrical faults-Fault calculations using Z_{BUS} - Fault calculations using Z_{BUS} equivalent circuits –Selection of circuit breakers- Unsymmetrical faults-Problems on various types of faults.

TEXT BOOK:

1. John J.Grainger and W.D. Stevenson," Power System Analysis "- T.M.H.Edition.

REFERENCE:

- 1. Olle. L.Elgard, "Electrical Energy Systems Theory"-T.M.H.Edition.
- 2. Power systems stability and control, Prabha Kundur, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- 3. Power System Operation and Control, Dr. K. Uma Rao, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Operation and Control in Power Systems, PSR Murthy, Bs Publications.
- 5. Power System Operation, Robert H. Miller, Jamesh H. Malinowski, The Mc Graw Hill companies.
- Power Systems Analysis, operation and control by Abhijit Chakrabarti, Sunitha Halder, PHI 3/e, 2010.
- 7. Modern Power System Analysis by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari Tata M Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2nd edition.

- 1. Power System Analysis and Design by J.Duncan Glover and M.S.Sarma., cengage 3rd Edition.
- 2. Electric Energy systems Theory by O.I.Elgerd, Tata Mc Graw-hill Publishing Company Ltd., Second edition.
- 3. Power System Analysis by Grainger and Stevenson, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Power System Analysis by C.L.Wadhwa, Newage International-3rd Edition.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ADVANCED POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

UNIT-I:

Static Relays : Advantages of static relays-Basic construction of static relays-Level detectors-Replica impedance –Mixing circuits-General equation for two input phase and amplitude comparators-Duality between amplitude and phase comparators.

Amplitude Comparators: Circulating current type and opposed voltage type- rectifier bridge comparators, Direct and Instantaneous comparators.

UNIT-II:

Phase Comparators : Coincidence circuit type- block spike phase comparator, techniques to measure the period of coincidence-Integrating type-Rectifier and Vector product type- Phase comparators.

Static Over Current Relays: Instantaneous over-current relay-Time over-current relays-basic principles – definite time and Inverse definite time over-current relays.

UNIT-III:

Static Differential Relays : Analysis of Static Differential Relays – Static Relay schemes – Duo bias transformer differential protection – Harmonic restraint relay.

Static Distance Relays: Static impedance-reactance–MHO and angle impedance relay-sampling comparator –realization of reactance and MHO relay using sampling comparator.

UNIT-IV:

Multi-input Comparators : Conic section characteristics-Three input amplitude comparator –Hybrid comparator-switched distance schemes –Poly phase distance schemes- phase fault scheme –three phase scheme – combined and ground fault scheme.

Power Swings: Effect of power swings on the performance of distance relays –Power swing analysis-Principle of out of step tripping and blocking relays-effect of line and length and source impedance on distance relays.

UNIT-V:

Microprocessor Based Protective Relays : (Block diagram and flowchart approach only)-Over current relays-impedance relays-directional relay-reactance relay .Generalized mathematical expressions for distance relays-measurement of resistance and reactance –MHO and offset MHO relays-Realization of MHO characteristics -Realization of offset MHO characteristics -Basic principle of Digital computer relaying.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Badri Ram and D.N.Vishwakarma, "Power system protection and Switch gear ", TMH publication New Delhi 1995.

REFERENCE:

- 1. T.S.Madhava Rao, "Static relays", TMH publication, second edition 1989.
- 2. Protection and Switchgear, Bhavesh Bhalja, R. P. Mahesheari, Nilesh G. Chothani, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Electrical Power System Protection, C. Christopoulos and A. Wright, Springer International.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

UNIT-I:

Photo voltaic power generation, spectral distribution of energy in solar radiation, solar cell configurations, voltage developed by solar cell, photo current and load current, practical solar cell performance, commercial photo voltaic systems, test specifications for PV systems, applications of super conducting materials in electrical equipment systems.

UNIT-II:

Principles of MHD power generation, ideal MHD generator performance, practical MHD generator, MHD technology.

Wind Energy conversion: Power from wind, properties of air and wind, types of wind Turbines, operating characteristics.

UNIT-III:

Tides and tidal power stations, modes of operation, tidal project examples, turbines and generators for tidal power generation.

Wave energy conversion: properties of waves and power content, vertex motion of Waves, device applications. Types of ocean thermal energy conversion systems Application of OTEC systems examples.

UNIT-IV:

Miscellaneous energy conversion systems: coal gasification and liquefaction, biomass conversion, geothermal energy, thermo electric energy conversion, principles of EMF generation, description of fuel cells, Co-generation and energy storage, combined cycle co-generation, energy storage.

Global energy position and environmental effects: energy units, global energy position.

UNIT-V:

Types of fuel cells, H_2 - O_2 Fuel cells, Application of fuel cells – Batteries, Description of batteries, Battery application for large power. Environmental effects of energy conversion systems, pollution from coal and preventive measures steam stations and pollution, pollution free energy systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. "Energy conversion systems" by Rakosh das Begamudre, New age International publishers, New Delhi 2000.
- 2. "Renewable Energy Resources" by John Twidell and Tony Weir, 2nd Edition, Fspon & Co.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) MODERN CONTROL THEORY

UNIT-I:

Mathematical Preliminaries : Fields, Vectors and Vector Spaces – Linear combinations and Bases – Linear Transformations and Matrices – Scalar Product and Norms – Eigen-values, Eigen Vectors and a Canonical form representation of Linear operators – The concept of state – State Equations for Dynamic systems – Time invariance and Linearity – Non-uniqueness of state model – State diagrams for Continuous-Time State models.

UNIT-II:

State Variable Analysis : Linear Continuous time models for Physical systems– Existence and Uniqueness of Solutions to Continuous-Time State Equations – Solutions of Linear Time Invariant Continuous-Time State Equations – State transition matrix and its properties. General concept of controllability – General concept of Observability – Controllability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Observability tests for Continuous-Time Invariant Systems – Controllability and Observability of State Model in Jordan Canonical form – Controllability and Observability Canonical forms of State model.

UNIT-III:

Non Linear Systems : Introduction – Non Linear Systems - Types of Non-Linearities – Saturation – Dead-Zone - Backlash – Jump Phenomenon etc; – Singular Points – Introduction to Linearization of nonlinear systems, Properties of Non-Linear systems – Describing function–describing function analysis of nonlinear systems – Stability analysis of Non-Linear systems through describing functions. Introduction to phaseplane analysis, Method of Isoclines for Constructing Trajectories, singular points, phase-plane analysis of nonlinear control systems.

UNIT-IV:

Stability Analysis : Stability in the sense of Lyapunov, Lyapunov's stability and Lypanov's instability theorems - Stability Analysis of the Linear continuous time invariant systems by Lyapunov second method – Generation of Lyapunov functions – Variable gradient method – Krasooviski's method. State feedback controller design through Pole Assignment – State observers: Full order and Reduced order.

UNIT-V:

Optimal Control : Introduction to optimal control - Formulation of optimal control problems – calculus of variations – fundamental concepts, functional, variation of functional – fundamental theorem of theorem of Calculus of variations – boundary conditions – constrained minimization – formulation using Hamiltonian method – Linear Quadratic regulator.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Modern Control System Theory by M.Gopal New Age International -1984.
- 2. Modern Control Engineering by Ogata.K Prentice Hall 1997.

REFERENCES:

1. Optimal control by Kircks.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING

(Elective-I)

UNIT-I:

Introduction to High Volatge Engineering : Electric Field Stresses, Gas / Vacuum as Insulator, Liquid Dielectrics, Solids and Composites, Estimation and Control of Electric Stress, Numerical methods for electric field computation, Surge voltages, their distribution and control, Applications of insulating materials in transformers, rotating machines, circuit breakers, cable power capacitors and bushings.

UNIT-II:

Break Down in Dielectric Materials : Gases as insulating media, collision process, Ionization process, Townsend's criteria of breakdown in gases, Paschen's law. Liquid as Insulator, pure and commercial liquids, breakdown in pure and commercial liquids. Intrinsic breakdown, electromechanical breakdown, thermal breakdown, breakdown of solid dielectrics in practice, Breakdown in composite dielectrics, solid dielectrics used in practice.

UNIT-III:

Generation & Measurement of high Voltages & Currents : Generation of High Direct Current Voltages, Generation of High alternating voltages, Generation of Impulse Voltages, Generation of Impulse currents, Tripping and control of impulse generators. Measurement of High Direct Current voltages, Measurement of High Voltages alternating and impulse, Measurement of High Currents-direct, alternating and Impulse, Oscilloscope for impulse voltage and current measurements.

UNIT-IV:

Over Voltages & Insulation Co-ordination : Natural causes for over voltages – Lightning phenomenon, Overvoltage due to switching surges, system faults and other abnormal conditions, Principles of Insulation Coordination on High voltage and Extra High Voltage power systems.

UNIT-V:

Testing Of Materials & Electrical Apparatus : Measurement of D.C Resistivity, Measurement of Dielectric Constant and loss factor, Partial discharge measurements. Testing of Insulators and bushings, Testing of Isolators and circuit breakers, testing of cables, Testing of Transformers, Testing of Surge Arresters, and Radio Interference measurements.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by M.S.Naidu and V. Kamaraju TMH Publications, 3rd Edition.
- 2. High Voltage Engineering: Fundamentals by E.Kuffel, W.S.Zaengl, J.Kuffel by Elsevier, 2nd Edition.

- 1. High Voltage Engineering by C.L.Wadhwa, New Age Internationals (P) Limited, 1997.
- 2. High Voltage Insulation Engineering by Ravindra Arora, Wolfgang Mosch, New Age International (P) Limited, 1995.
- 3. High Voltage Engineering, Theory and Practice by Mazen Abdel Salam, Hussein Anis, Ahdan El-Morshedy, Roshdy Radwan, Marcel Dekker.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) EHV AC TRANSMISSION

(Elective-I)

UNIT-I:

E.H.V.A.C. Transmission line trends and preliminary aspect standard transmission voltages – Estimation at line and ground parameters-Bundle conductor systems-Inductance and Capacitance of E.H.V. lines – positive, negative and zero sequence impedance – Line Parameters for Modes of Propagation.

UNIT-II:

Electrostatic field and voltage gradients – calculations of electrostatic field of AC lines – effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings - surface voltage gradients and maximum gradients of actual transmission lines – voltage gradients on sub conductor.

UNIT-III:

Electrostatic induction in unenergized lines – measurement of field and voltage gradients for three phase single and double circuit lines – un energized lines. Power Frequency Voltage control and over-voltages in EHV lines: No load voltage – charging currents at power frequency-voltage control – shunt and series compensation – static VAR compensation.

UNIT - IV:

Corona in E.H.V. lines – Corona loss formulae- attention of traveling waves due to Corona – Audio noise due to Corona, its generation, characteristic and limits. Measurements of audio noise radio interference due to Corona - properties of radio noise – frequency spectrum of RI fields – Measurements of RI and RIV.

UNIT-V:

Design of EHV lines based on steady state and transient limits - EHV cables and their characteristics.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. EHVAC Transmission Engineering by R. D. Begamudre, New Age International (p) Ltd.
- 2. HVAC and DC Transmission by S. Rao.

- 1. Rokosh Das Begamudre,"Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering"– Wiley Eastern LTD., NEW DELHI 1987.
- 2. Edison,"EHV Transmission line"- Electric Institution (GEC 1968).

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

MICROCONTROLLERS AND APPLICATIONS

(Elective-I)

UNIT-I:

Overview Of Architecture & Microcontroller Resources : Architecture of a microcontroller – Microcontroller resources – Resources in advanced and next generation microcontrollers – 8051 microcontroller – Internal and External memories – Counters and Timers – Synchronous serial-cum asynchronous serial communication - Interrupts.

UNIT-II:

8051- Microcontrollers Instruction Set: Basic assembly language programming – Data transfer instructions – Data and Bit-manipulation instructions – Arithmetic instructions – Instructions for Logical operations on the test among the Registers, Internal RAM, and SFRs – Program flow control instructions – Interrupt control flow.

UNIT-III:

Real Time Control Interrupts: Interrupt handling structure of an MCU – Interrupt Latency and Interrupt deadline – Multiple sources of the interrupts – Non-maskable interrupt sources – Enabling or disabling of the sources – Polling to determine the interrupt source and assignment of the priorities among them – Interrupt structure in Intel 8051.

Timers: Programmable Timers in the MCU's – Free running counter and real time control – Interrupt interval and density constraints.

UNIT-IV: SYSTEMS DESIGN

Digital and Analog Interfacing Methods: Switch, Keypad and Keyboard interfacings – LED and Array of LEDs – Keyboard-cum-Display controller (8279) – Alphanumeric Devices – Display Systems and its interfaces – Printer interfaces – Programmable instruments interface using IEEE 488 Bus – Interfacing with the Flash Memory – Interfaces – Interfacing to High Power Devices – Analog input interfacing – Analog output interfacing – Optical motor shaft encoders – Industrial control – Industrial process control system – Prototype MCU based Measuring instruments – Robotics and Embedded control – Digital Signal Processing and digital filters.

UNIT-V:

Real Time Operating System for Microcontrollers: Real Time operating system – RTOS of Keil (RTX51) – Use of RTOS in Design – Software development tools for Microcontrollers.

16-Bit Microcontrollers: Hardware – Memory map in Intel 80196 family MCU system – IO ports – Programmable Timers and High-speed outputs and input captures – Interrupts – instructions. ARM 32 Bit MCUs: Introduction to 16/32 Bit processors – ARM architecture and organization – ARM / Thumb programming model – ARM / Thumb instruction set – Development tools.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Raj Kamal," Microcontrollers Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design"–Pearson Education.
- 2. Mazidi and Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" PHI, 2000.

- 1. A.V. Deshmuk, "Microcontrollers (Theory & Applications)" WTMH, 2005.
- 2. John B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontrollers" Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Microcontroller Programming, Julio Sanchez, Maria P. Canton, CRC Press.
- 4. The 8051 Microcontroller, Ayala, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, Architecture, Programming and System Design, Krishna Kant, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.
- 6. Microprocessors, Nilesh B. Bahadure, PHI Learning PVT. Ltd.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

POWER QUALITY

(Elective - II)

UNIT-I:

Introduction : Introduction of the Power Quality (PQ) problem, Terms used in PQ: Voltage, Sag, Swell, Surges, Harmonics, over voltages, spikes, Voltage fluctuations, Transients, Interruption, overview of power quality phenomenon, Remedies to improve power quality, power quality monitoring.

UNIT-II:

Long & Short Interruptions : Interruptions – Definition – Difference between failures, outage, Interruptions – causes of Long Interruptions – Origin of Interruptions – Limits for the Interruption frequency – Limits for the interruption duration – costs of Interruption – Overview of Reliability evaluation to power quality, comparison of observations and reliability evaluation.

Short interruptions: definition, origin of short interruptions, basic principle, fuse saving, voltage magnitude events due to re-closing, voltage during the interruption, monitoring of short interruptions, difference between medium and low voltage systems. Multiple events, single phase tripping – voltage and current during fault period, voltage and current at post fault period, stochastic prediction of short interruptions.

UNIT III:

1 & 3-Phase Voltage Sag Characterization : Voltage sag – definition, causes of voltage sag, voltage sag magnitude, and monitoring, theoretical calculation of voltage sag magnitude, voltage sag calculation in non-radial systems, meshed systems, and voltage sag duration.

Three phase faults, phase angle jumps, magnitude and phase angle jumps for three phase unbalanced sags, load influence on voltage sags.

UNIT-IV:

Power Quality Considerations in Industrial Power Systems : Voltage sag – equipment behavior of Power electronic loads, induction motors, synchronous motors, computers, consumer electronics, adjustable speed AC drives and its operation. Mitigation of AC Drives, adjustable speed DC drives and its operation, mitigation methods of DC drives.

UNIT-V:

Mitigation of Interruptions & Voltage Sags : Overview of mitigation methods – from fault to trip, reducing the number of faults, reducing the fault clearing time changing the power system, installing mitigation equipment, improving equipment immunity, different events and mitigation methods. System equipment interface – voltage source converter, series voltage controller, shunt controller, combined shunt and series controller.

Power Quality and EMC Standards: Introduction to standardization, IEC Electromagnetic compatibility standards, European voltage characteristics standards, PQ surveys.

- 1. "Understanding Power Quality Problems" by Math H J Bollen. IEEE Press.
- 2. Power Quality VAR Compensation in Power Systems, R. SastryVedam Mulukutla S. Sarma,CRC Press.
- 3. Power Quality, C. Sankaran, CRC Presss.
- 4. Electrical Power Systems Quality, Roger C. Dugan , Mark F. Mc Granaghan, Surya Santoso, H. Wayne Beaty, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Ltd.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) HVDC TRANSMISSION

(Elective-II)

UNIT-I:

Introduction : General consideration, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines Basic Conversion principles, static converter configuration.

UNIT-II:

Static Power Converters : 3-pulse, 6-pulse, and 12-pulse converters, converter station and Terminal equipment, commutation process, Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit for converter – special features of converter transformers. Harmonics in HVDC Systems, Harmonic elimination, AC and DC filters.

UNIT-III:

Control of HVDC Converters and systems : Constant current, constant extinction angle and constant ignition angle control Individual phase control and equidistant firing angle control DC power flow control. Interaction between HV AC and DC systems – Voltage interaction Harmonic instability problems and DC power modulation.

UNIT-IV:

Mtdc Systems & Over Voltages : Series parallel and series parallel systems their operation and control.

Over voltages due to disturbances on DC side, over voltages due to DC and AC side line faults.

UNIT-V:

Converter Faults & Protection : Converter faults, over current protection – valve group, and DC line protection over voltage protection of converters, surge arresters.

- 1. E.W. Kimbark: Direct current Transmission, Wiely Inter Science New York.
- 2. J. Arillaga HVDC Transmission Peter Peregrinus Itd. London UK 1983.
- 3. KR Padiyar : High Voltage Direct current Transmission Wiely Esatern Ltd New Delhi 1992.
- 4. E. Uhlman : Power Transmission by Direct Current , Springer Verlag, Berlin Helberg. 1985.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – I SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION

(Elective-II)

UNIT-I:

Distribution Automation and the Utility System : Introduction to Distribution Automation (DA), control system interfaces, control and data requirements, centralized (Vs) decentralized control, DA System (DAS), DA Hardware, DAS software.

UNIT-II:

Distribution Automation Functions : DA capabilities, Automation system computer facilities, management processes, Information management, system reliability management, system efficiency management, voltage management, Load management.

UNIT-III:

Communication Systems for DA : DA communication requirements, Communication reliability, Cost effectiveness, Data rate Requirements, Two way capability, Ability to communicate during outages and faults, Ease of operation and maintenance, Conforming to the architecture of data flow

Communication systems used in DA :Distribution line carrier (Power line carrier), Ripple control, Zero crossing technique, telephone, cable TV, Radio, AM broadcast, FM SCA, VHF Radio, UHF Radio, Microwave satellite. Fiber optics, Hybrid Communication systems, Communication systems used in field tests.

UNIT-IV:

Technical Benefits : DA benefit categories, Capital deferred savings, Operation and Maintenance savings, Interruption related savings, Customer related savings, Operational savings, improved operation, Function benefits, Potential benefits for functions, and function shared benefits, Guidelines for formulation of estimating equations Parameters required, economic impact areas, Resources for determining benefits impact on distribution system, integration of benefits into economic evaluation.

UNIT-V:

Economic Evaluation Methods : Development and evaluation of alternate plans, Select study area, Select study period, Project load growth, Develop Alternatives, Calculate operating and maintenance costs, Evaluate alternatives. Economic comparison of alternate plans, Classification of expenses and capital expenditures, Comparison of revenue requirements of alternative plans, Book Life and Continuing plant analysis, Year by year revenue requirement analysis, short term analysis, end of study adjustment, Break even analysis, Sensitivity analysis computational aids.

REFERENCES:

- 1. IEEE Tutorial Course "Distribution Automation".
- 2. IEEE Working Group on "Distribution Automation".
- Control and Automation of Electrical Distribution Systems, James. Northcote Green Robert Wilson, CRC Press.
- 4. Electric Power Distribution Automation, Dr. M. K. Khedkar, Dr. G.M.Dhole, University Science press.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH-IYEAR-ISEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

POWER SYSTEM LAB-I

- 1. Develop MATLAB program for Y_{BUS} formation.
- 2. Develop MATLAB program for G-S Load Flow Analysis.
- 3. Develop MATLAB program for N-R Load Flow Analysis.
- 4. Develop MATLAB program for FDLF Load Flow Analysis.
- 5. Develop MATLAB program for Short Circuit Analysis.
- 6. Transient Stability Analysis for Single Machine connected to Infinite Bus by Point by Point Method.
- 7. Develop PSPICE Program for Generation System Reliability Analysis.
- 8. Develop PSPICE Program for Distribution System Reliability Analysis.
- 9. Simulation of RLC Circuit using PSPICE.
- 10. Simulation of Single Phase Full Converter with RLE Load using PSPICE
- 11. Develop MATLAB model for Closed Loop Speed Control of Separately Excited D.C Motor.
- 12. Develop MATLAB model for Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS

UNIT-I:

Basic Concepts : Power system stability states of operation and system security - system dynamics - problems system model analysis of steady State stability and transient stability - simplified representation of Excitation control.

UNIT-II:

Modeling of Synchronous Machine : Synchronous machine - park's Transformation-analysis of steady state performance per - unit quantities-Equivalent circuits of synchronous machine-determination of parameters of equivalent circuits.

UNIT-III:

Excitation System : Excitation system modeling-excitation systems block Diagram - system representation by state equations- Dynamics of a synchronous generator connected to infinite bus - system model Synchronous machine model-stator equations rotor equations - Synchronous machine model with field circuit - one equivalent damper winding on q axis (model 1.1) - calculation of Initial conditions.

UNIT-IV:

Analysis of Single Machine System : Small signal analysis with block diagram - Representation Characteristic equation and application of Routh Hurwitz criterion- synchronizing and damping torque analysis-small signal model - State equations.

UNIT-V:

Application of Power System Stabilizers : Basic concepts in applying PSS - Control signals - Structure and tuning of PSS - Washout circuit - Dynamic compensator analysis of single machine infinite bus system with and without PSS.

TEXT BOOK:

1. K.R. PADIYAR," Power system dynamics "- B.S. Publications.

- 1. P.M. Anderson and A.A. Fouad,"Power system control and stability", IEEE Presss.
- 2. R. Ramanujam, "Power Systems Dynamics"- PHI Publications.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (FACTS)

UNIT-I:

Facts Concepts : Transmission interconnections power flow in an AC system, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

UNIT-II:

Voltage Source Converters : Single phase three phase full wave bridge converters transformer connections for 12 pulse 24 and 48 pulse operation. Three level voltage source converter, pulse width modulation converter, basic concept of current source Converters, and comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

UNIT-III:

Static Shunt Compensation : Objectives of shunt compensation, mid-point voltage regulation voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, Methods of controllable VAR generation, variable impedance type static VAR generators switching converter type VAR generators hybrid VAR generators.

UNIT-IV:

SVC and Statcom: The regulation and slope transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping operating point control and summary of compensator control. **UNIT-V:**

Static Series Compensators : Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, and functional requirements of GTO thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC)

Control schemes for GSC TSSC and TCSC.

TEXT BOOK:

1. "Understanding FACTS Devices" N.G. Hingorani and L. Guygi. IEEE Press Publications 2000.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM OPERATION AND DEREGULATION

UNIT-I:

Optimal Power Flow: Introduction- Solution to the optimal power flow-gradient method-Newton's method-Linear sensitivity analysis- Linear programming methods- Security constrained OPF-Interior point algorithm-Bus incremental costs.

UNIT-II:

Power System Security : Introduction –Factors affecting power system security-Contingency analysis-Detection of network problems-Linear sensitivity analysis-AC power flow methods-contingency selectionconcentric relaxation-Bounding area method.

UNIT-III:

State Estimation in Power Systems : Introduction- Power system state estimation- Maximum likelihood Weighted Least squares estimation-Matrix formulation- State estimation of AC network- State estimation by orthogonal decomposition- detection and identification of Bad measurements- Estimation of quantities not being measured- Network observability and pseudo measurements.

UNIT-IV:

Power System Deregulation : Introduction- motivation for restructuring of power systems- Electricity market entities model-benefits of deregulation- terminology-deregulation in Indian power sector-Operations in power markets-power pools-transmission networks and electricity markets.

UNIT-V:

Available Transfer Capability : Introduction methods: of determination of ATC - ATC calculation considering the effect of contingency analysis- Transmission open access and pricing-cost components of transmission system- transmission pricing methods-Incremental cost based transmission pricing.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. A.J.Wood & B.F.Woollenberg- John Wiley Power Generation, "Operation and Control"- 2nd edition.
- 2. P.Venkatesh. B.V.Manikandan, S.Charles Raja- A.Srinivasan, "Electrical power systems: Analysis, security, Deregulation"– PHI 2012.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) AI TECHNIQUES IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

UNIT – I:

Artificial Neural Networks : Introduction-Models of Neural Network - Architectures – Knowledge representation – Artificial Intelligence and Neural networks–Learning process – Error correction learning – Hebbian learning –Competitive learning –Boltzman learning –Supervised learning – Unsupervised learning – Reinforcement learning- learning tasks.

UNIT-II:

ANN Paradigms : Multi – layer perceptron using Back propagation Algorithm-Self – organizing Map – Radial Basis Function Network – Functional link, network – Hopfield Network.

UNIT – III:

Fuzzy Logic : Introduction – Fuzzy versus crisp – Fuzzy sets - Membership function – Basic Fuzzy set operations – Properties of Fuzzy sets – Fuzzy cartesion Product –Operations on Fuzzy relations – Fuzzy logic – Fuzzy Quantifiers-Fuzzy Inference-Fuzzy Rule based system-Defuzzification methods.

UNIT – IV:

Genetic Algorithms : Introduction-Encoding –Fitness Function-Reproduction operators-Genetic Modeling –Genetic operators-Crossover-Single – site crossover-Two point crossover –Multi point crossover-Uniform crossover – Matrix crossover-Crossover Rate-Inversion & Deletion –Mutation operator –Mutation –Mutation Rate-Bit-wise operators-Generational cycle-convergence of Genetic Algorithm.

UNIT-V:

Applications of Al Techniques : Load forecasting – Load flow studies – Economic load dispatch – Load frequency control – Single area system and two area system – Small Signal Stability (Dynamic stability) Reactive power control – speed control of DC and AC Motors.

TEXT BOOK:

1. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.V.Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms"- PHI, New Delhi, 2003.

- 1. P.D.Wasserman, Van Nostrand Reinhold," Neural Computing Theory & Practice" New York, 1989.
- 2. Bart Kosko,"Neural Network & Fuzzy System" Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 3. G.J.Klir and T.A.Folger, "Fuzzy sets, Uncertainty and Information"-PHI, Pvt.Ltd, 1994.
- 4. D.E.Goldberg," Genetic Algorithms"- Addison Wesley 1999.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) GAS INSUL ATED SYSTEMS (GIS)

GAS INSULATED SYSTEMS (GIS)

(Elective-III)

UNIT-I:

Introduction to GIS and Properties of SF₆: Characteristics of GIS- Introduction to SF₆ - Physical properties-Chemical properties - Electrical properties-Specification of SF₆ gas for GIS application - Handling of SF₆ gas before use - Safe handling of Sf₆ gas in electrical equipment - Equipment for handling the SF₆ Gas - SF₆ and environment.

UNIT-II:

Layout of GIS Stations : Advancement of GIS station - Comparison with Air Insulated Substation - Economics of GIS - User Requirements for GIS - Main Features for GIS - Planning and Installation components of a GIS station.

UNIT-III:

Design And Construction of GIS Station: Introduction - Rating of GIS components - Design Features -Estimation of different types of Electrical Stresses -Design Aspects of GIS components - Insulation Design for Components - Insulation Design for GIS - Thermal Considerations in the Design of GIS - Effect of very Fast Transient Over-voltages (VFTO) on the GIS design - Insulation Coordination systems - Gas handling and Monitoring System Design.

UNIT-IV:

Fast Transient Phenomena in GIS: Introduction- Disconnector Switching in Relation to Very fast Transients-Origin of VFTO-Propagation and Mechanism of VFTO-VFTO Characteristics- Effects of VFTO-Testing of GIS for VFTO.

UNIT-V:

Special Problems in GIS and GIS Diagnostics : Introduction - particles their effects and their control-Insulating Spacers and their Reliability - SF_6 Gas Decomposition - Characteristics of imperfections in insulation - Insulation Diagnostic methods - PD Measurement and UHF Method.

TEXT BOOK:

1. M. S. Naidu, "Gas Insulated Substations"- IK International Publishing House.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ELECTRIC SMART GRID

(Elective – III)

UNIT-I:

Introduction : Introduction to smart grid- Electricity network-Local energy networks- Electric transportation-Low carbon central generation-Attributes of the smart grid- Alternate views of a smart grid.

Smart Grid to Evolve a Perfect Power System: Introduction- Overview of the perfect power system configurations- Device level power system- Building integrated power systems- Distributed power systems-Fully integrated power system-Nodes of innovation.

UNIT-II:

DC Distribution and Smart Grid : AC vs DC sources-Benefits of and drives of DC power delivery systems-Powering equipment and appliances with DC-Data centers and information technology loads-Future neighborhood-Potential future work and research.

Intelligrid Architecture for the Smartgrid: Introduction- Launching intelligrid-Intelligrid today- Smart grid vision based on the intelligrid architecture-Barriers and enabling technologies.

UNIT-III:

Dynamic Energy Systems Concept : Smart energy efficient end use devices-Smart distributed energy resources-Advanced whole building control systems- Integrated communications architecture-Energy management-Role of technology in demand response- Current limitations to dynamic energy management-Distributed energy resources-Overview of a dynamic energy management-Key characteristics of smart devices- Key characteristics of advanced whole building control systems-Key characteristics of dynamic energy management system.

UNIT-IV:

Energy Port as Part of the Smart Grid: Concept of energy -Port, generic features of the energy port.

Policies and Programs to Encourage End – Use Energy Efficiency: Policies and programs in action - multinational - national-state-city and corporate levels.

Market Implementation: Framework-factors influencing customer acceptance and response - program planning-monitoring and evaluation.

UNIT-V:

Efficient Electric End – Use Technology Alternatives : Existing technologies – lighting - Space conditioning - Indoor air quality - Domestic water heating - hyper efficient appliances - Ductless residential heat pumps and air conditioners - Variable refrigerant flow air conditioning-Heat pump water heating - Hyper efficient residential appliances - Data center energy efficiency- LED street and area lighting - Industrial motors and drives - Equipment retrofit and replacement - Process heating - Cogeneration, Thermal energy storage - Industrial energy management programs - Manufacturing process-Electro-technologies, Residential, Commercial and industrial sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Clark W Gellings, "The Smart Grid, Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Response"- CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Janaka Ekanayake, Kithsiri Liyanage, Jianzhong.Wu, Akihiko Yokoyama, Nick Jenkins, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications"- Wiley, 2012.
- 3. James Momoh, "Smart Grid : Fundamentals of Design and Analysis"- Wiley, IEEE Press, 2012.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) ENERGY AUDITING, CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT (Elective-III)

UNIT-I:

Basic Principles of Energy Audit : Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagrams, load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries-energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit.

UNIT-II:

Energy Management : Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting- Energy manger, Qualities and functions, language, Questionnaire – check list for top management.

UNIT-III:

Energy Efficient Motors : Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics - variable speed, variable duty cycle systems, RMS hp- voltage variation-voltage unbalance- over motoring- motor energy audit

UNIT-IV:

Power Factor Improvement, Lighting and Energy Instruments : Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Pf with non linear loads, effect of harmonics on power factor, power factor motor controllers - Good lighting system design and practice, lighting control ,lighting energy audit - Energy Instruments- wattmeter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers,lux meters, tongue testers, application of PLC's.

UNIT-V:

Economic Aspects and Analysis : Economics Analysis-Depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, life cycle costing analysis- Energy efficient motors-calculation of simple payback method, net present worth method- Power factor correction, lighting - Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment.

- 1. Energy management by W.R. Murphy AND G. Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications.
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998.
- 3. Energy efficient electric motors by John .C. Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995-.
- 4. Energy management hand book by W.C.Turner, John wiley and sons.
- 5. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet12-EEO.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) REACTIVE POWER COMPENSATION AND MANAGEMENT

(Elective-IV)

UNIT-I:

Load Compensation : Objectives and specifications – reactive power characteristics – inductive and capacitive approximate biasing – Load compensator as a voltage regulator – phase balancing and power factor correction of unsymmetrical loads- examples.

UNIT-II:

Steady – State Reactive Power Compensation in Transmission System : Uncompensated line – types of compensation – Passive shunt and series and dynamic shunt compensation –examples.

Transient state reactive power compensation in transmission systems : Characteristic time periods – passive shunt compensation – static compensations- series capacitor compensation – compensation using synchronous condensers – examples.

UNIT-III:

Reactive Power Coordination : Objective – Mathematical modeling – Operation planning – transmission benefits – Basic concepts of quality of power supply – disturbances- steady –state variations – effects of under voltages – frequency –Harmonics, radio frequency and electromagnetic interferences.

UNIT-IV:

Demand Side Management : Load patterns – basic methods load shaping – power tariffs- KVAR based tariffs penalties for voltage flickers and Harmonic voltage levels.

Distribution Side Reactive Power Management : System losses –loss reduction methods – examples – Reactive power planning – objectives – Economics Planning capacitor placement – retrofitting of capacitor banks.

UNIT-V:

User Side Reactive Power Management : KVAR requirements for domestic appliances – Purpose of using capacitors – selection of capacitors – deciding factors – types of available capacitor, characteristics and Limitations.

Reactive Power Management in Electric Traction Systems and are Furnaces : Typical layout of traction systems – reactive power control requirements – distribution transformers- Electric arc furnaces – basic operations- furnaces transformer –filter requirements – remedial measures – power factor of an arc furnace.

- 1. Reactive power control in Electric power systems by T.J.E.Miller, John Wiley and sons, 1982 (Units I to IV).
- 2. Reactive power Management by D.M.Tagare, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004. (Units V to VIII).

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY

(Elective-IV)

UNIT-I:

Generating System Reliability Analysis – I : Generation system model – capacity outage probability tables – Recursive relation for capacitive model building – sequential addition method – unit removal – Evaluation of loss of load and energy indices – Examples.

UNIT-II:

Generating System Reliability Analysis – II : Frequency and Duration methods – Evaluation of equivalent transitional rates of identical and non-identical units – Evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of non-identical generating units – 2- level daily load representation - merging generation and load models – Examples.

UNIT-III:

Operating Reserve Evaluation : Basic concepts - risk indices – PJM methods – security function approach – rapid start and hot reserve units – Modelling using STPM approach.

Bulk Power System Reliability Evaluation: Basic configuration – conditional probability approach – system and load point reliability indices – weather effects on transmission lines – Weighted average rate and Markov model – Common mode failures.

UNIT-IV:

Inter Connected System Reliability Analysis : Probability array method – Two inter connected systems with independent loads – effects of limited and unlimited tie capacity - imperfect tie – Two connected Systems with correlated loads – Expression for cumulative probability and cumulative frequency.

Distribution System Reliability Analysis – I (Radial Configuration): Basic Techniques – Radial networks –Evaluation of Basic reliability indices, performance indices – load point and system reliability indices – customer oriented, loss and energy oriented indices – Examples.

UNIT-V:

Distribution System Reliability Analysis - II (Parallel Configuration) : Basic techniques – inclusion of bus bar failures, scheduled maintenance – temporary and transient failures – weather effects – common mode failures – Evaluation of various indices – Examples.

Substations and Switching Stations: Effects of short-circuits - breaker operation – Open and Short-circuit failures – Active and Passive failures – switching after faults – circuit breaker model – preventive maintenance – exponential maintenance times.

- 1. Reliability Evaluation of Power Systems by Roy Billinton and Ronald N. Allan, Plenum press, New York and London (Second Edition), 1996.
- 2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems by J. Endrenyi, John Wiley and Sons, 1978. (First Edition).

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M. TECH – I YEAR – II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A) VOLTAGE STABILITY (Elective – IV)

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Voltage Stability : Definitions: Voltage Stability, Voltage Collapse, Voltage Security; Physical relation indicating dependency of voltage on reactive power flow; Factors affecting Voltage collapse and instability; Previous cases of voltage collapse incidences.

UNIT-II:

Graphical Analysis of Voltage Stability : Comparison of Voltage and angular stability of the system; Graphical Methods describing voltage collapse phenomenon: P-V and Q-V curves; detailed description of voltage collapse phenomenon with the help of Q-V curves.

UNIT-III:

Analysis of Voltage Stability : Analysis of voltage stability on SMLB system: Analytical treatment and analysis.

Voltage Stability Indices: Voltage collapse proximity indicator; Determinant of Jacobin as proximity indicators; Voltage stability margin.

UNIT-IV:

Power System Loads : Loads that influences voltage stability: Discharge lights, Induction Motor, Airconditioning, heat pumps, electronic power supplies, OH lines and cables.

Reactive Power Compensation: Generation and Absorption of reactive power; Series and Shunt compensation; Synchronous condensers, SVC s; OLTC s; Booster Transformers.

UNIT-V:

Voltage Stability Margin : Stability Margin: Compensated and un-compensated systems.

Voltage Security : Definition; Voltage security; Methods to improve voltage stability and its practical aspects.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. "Performance, operation and control of EHV power transmission system"- A.CHAKRABARTHY, D.P.KOTARI and A.K.MUKOPADYAY, A.H.Wheeler Publishing, I Edition, 1995.
- 2. "Power System Dynamics: Stability and Control" K.R.PADIYAR, II Edition, B.S.Publications.

REFERENCE:

1. "Power System Voltage Stability"- C.W.TAYLOR, Mc Graw Hill, 1994.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

M. TECH - I YEAR - II SEM. (EPE/EPS/PEES/PSC&A)

POWER SYSTEM LAB-II

- 1. Determination of Equivalent circuit of a 3-Winding Transformer.
- 2. Determination of Sequence Impedances of a Cylindrical Rotor Synchronous Machine.
- 3. Fault Analysis:
 - i. Single Line to Ground fault (L-G).
 - ii. Line to Line fault (L-L).
 - iii. Double Line to Ground fault (L-L-G).
 - iv. Triple Line to Ground fault (L-L-L-G).
- 4. Determination of Sub-transient reactance's of a Salient Pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Determination of Sequence Impedances of Three Phase Transformer.
- 6. Characteristics of Over Current Relays.
 - i. IDMT Electromagnetic Relay (7051 A).
 - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7051 B)
- 7. Characteristics of Percentage biased Differential Relay.
 - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7054 A).
 - ii. Static Relay (7054 B).
- 8. Characteristics of Over Voltage Relay.
 - i. Electromagnetic Relay (7053 A).
 - ii. Microprocessor based Relay (7053 B).
- 9. Characteristics of Under Voltage (UV) and Negative sequence Relays.
 - i. UV Electromagnetic Relay (7052 A).
 - ii. UV Microprocessor based Relay (7052 B).
 - iii. Static Negative Sequence Relay (7055 B).
- 10. Performance and Testing of Generator Protection System.
- 11. Performance and Testing of Transformer Protection System.
- 12. Performance and Testing of Feeder Protection System.
- 13. Performance and Testing of Transmission Line Model.
- 14. Differential protection on Single Phase Transformer.